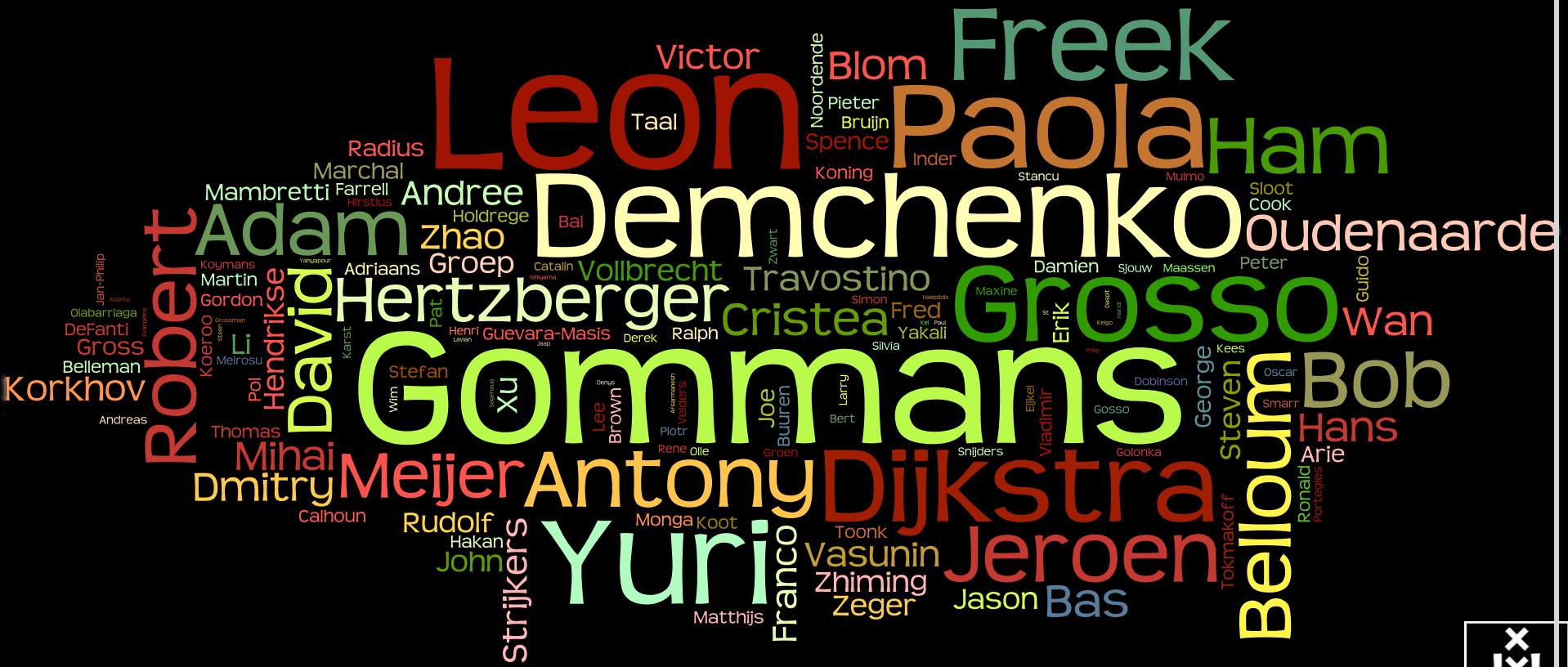


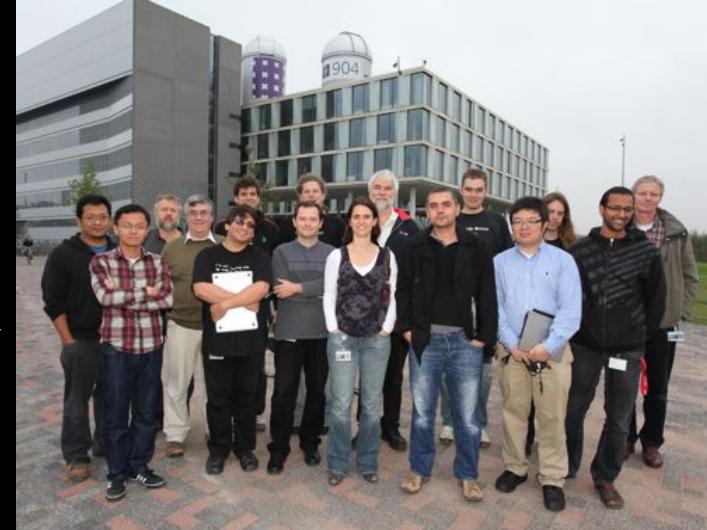
# Internet Innovation to support Science

## Cees de Laat



# System & Network Engineering research group

- Part of Informatics Institute
- Part of Faculty of Science
- Part of University of Amsterdam
- About 28 people
- 1 full time prof (me), 3 part time profs,
- 1 assistant prof, 1 senior docent
- several senior researchers and educators, postdocs and scientific programmers, 5 PhD students.



# Internet developments

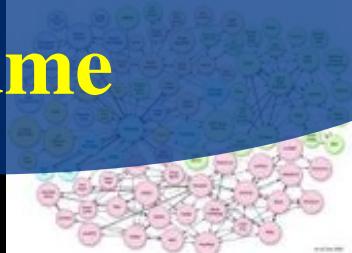
... more data!



Speed

Volume

DATA



Deterministic



Real-time



twitter



Scalable

LinkedIn



myspace

SCHOOL BANK

Hyves

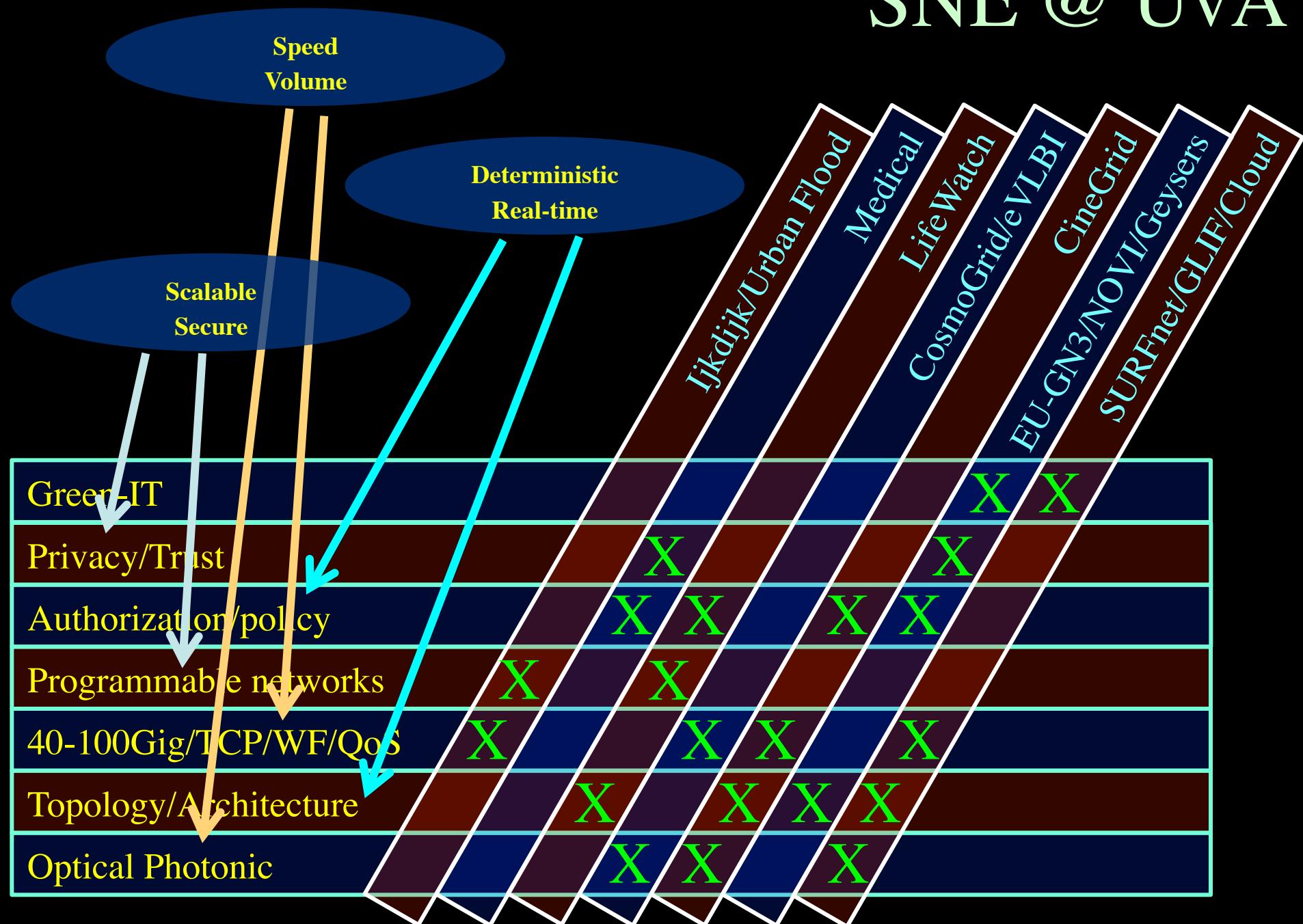
flickr  
from YAHOO!



Secure

... more users!

	Ijkdijk/Urban Flood	Medical	LifeWatch	CosmoGrid/eVLBI	CineGrid	EU-GN3/NOVI/Geyser	SURFnet/GLIF/Cloud
Green-IT			X X				
Privacy/Trust	X		X				
Authorization/policy	X X		X X				
Programmable networks	X	X					
40-100Gig/TCP/WF/QoS	X	X X	X	X			
Topology/Architecture	X	X X X	X X X				
Optical Photonic	X X		X				





	Ijkdijk/Urban Flood	Medical	LifeWatch	CosmoGrid/eVLBI	EU-GN3/NOVI/Geyser	CineGrid	SURFnet/GLIF/Cloud
Green-IT	X	X					
Privacy/Trust	X		X				
Authorization/policy	X	X		X	X		
Programmable networks	X	X					
40-100Gig/TCP/WF/QoS	X	X	X	X	X		
Topology/Architecture	X	X	X	X	X		
Optical Photonic	X	X					

# LOFAR as a Sensor Network

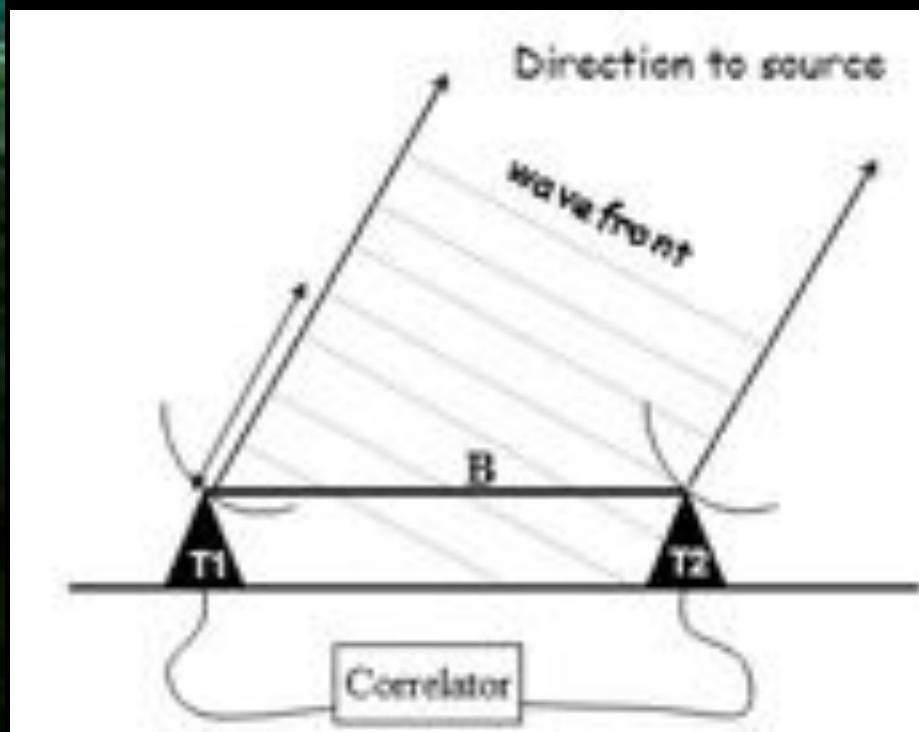
**20 flops/byte**

- LOFAR is a large distributed research infrastructure:
  - Astronomy:
    - >100 phased array stations
    - Combined in aperture synthesis array
    - 13,000 small “LF” antennas
    - 13,000 small “HF” tiles
  - Geophysics:
    - 18 vibration sensors per station
    - Infrasound detector per station
  - >20 Tbit/s generated digitally
  - >40 Tflop/s supercomputer
  - innovative software systems
    - new calibration approaches
    - full distributed control
    - VO and Grid integration
    - datamining and visualisation

**2 Tflops/s**

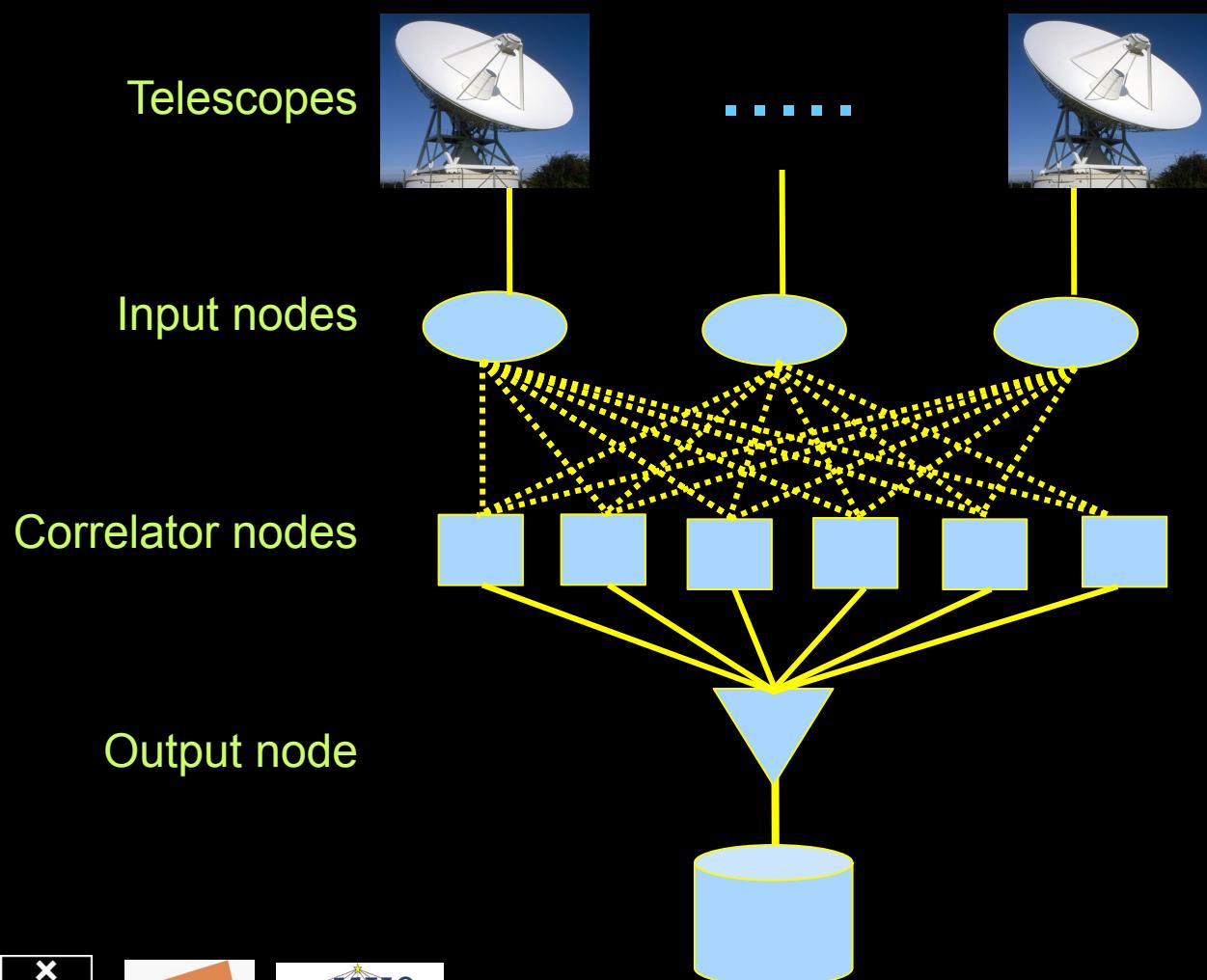


# e -Very Large Base Interferometer



# The SCARIE project

**SCARIE:** a research project to create a Software Correlator for e-VLBI.  
**VLBI Correlation:** signal processing technique to get high precision image from spatially distributed radio-telescope.



16 Gbit/s - 2 Tflop →  
THIS IS A DATA FLOW PROBLEM !!!

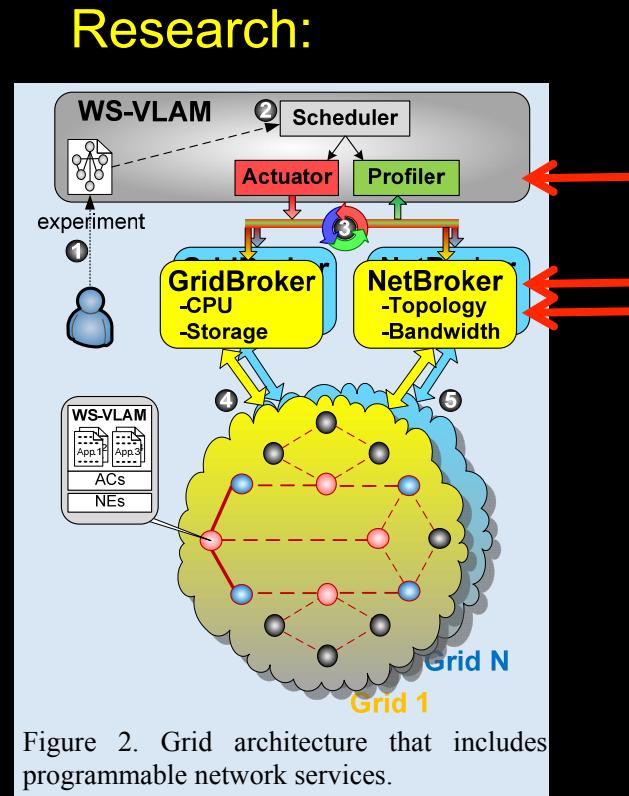
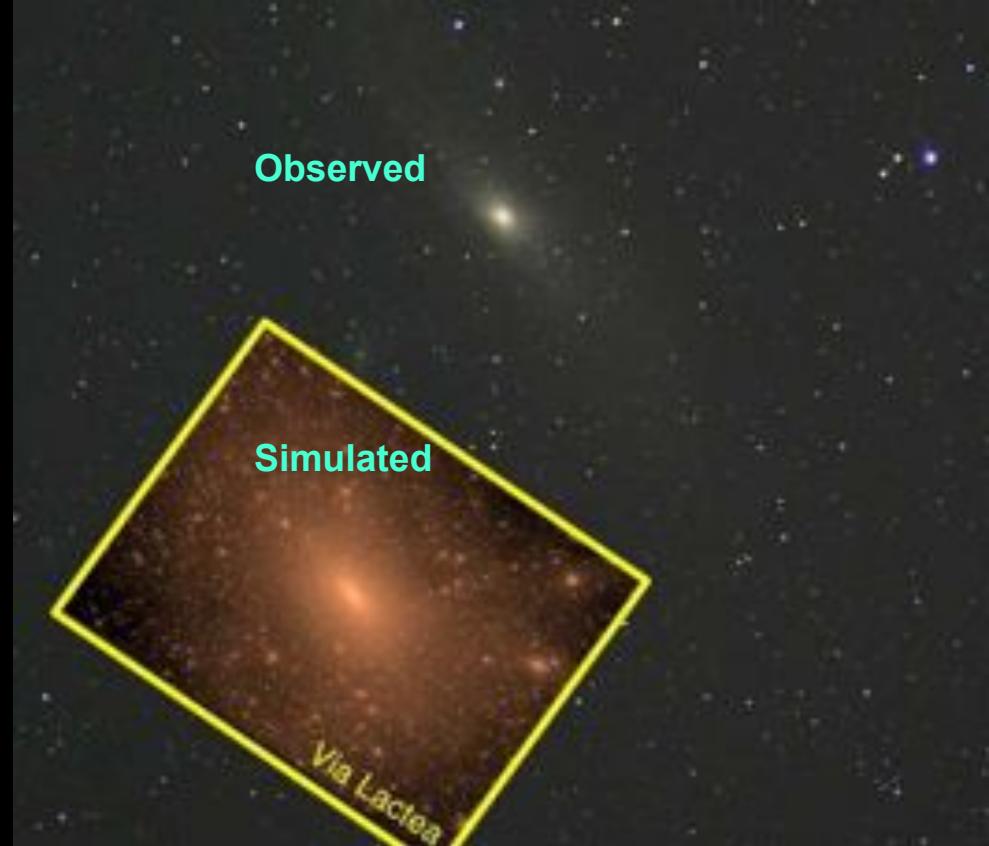


Figure 2. Grid architecture that includes programmable network services.

# CosmoGrid

- Motivation:  
**previous simulations found >100 times more substructure than is observed!**
- Simulate large structure formation in the Universe
  - Dark Energy (cosmological constant)
  - Dark Matter (particles)
- Method: Cosmological  $N$ -body code
- Computation: Intercontinental SuperComputer Grid



# The hardware setup

10 Mflops/byte

1 Eflops/s

- 2 supercomputers :
  - 1 in Amsterdam (60Tflops Power6 @ SARA)
  - 1 in Tokyo (30Tflops Cray XD0-4 @ CFCA)
- Both computers are connected via an intercontinental optical 10 Gbit/s network



Where when will it happen?

SNE @ UvA



	Ijkdijk/Urban Flood	Medical	LifeWatch	CosmoGrid/eVLBI	EU-GN3/NOVI/Geyser	SURFnet/GLIF/Cloud
Green-IT	X X					
Privacy/Trust	X		X			
Authorization/policy	X X		X X			
Programmable networks	X	X				
40-100Gig/TCP/WF/QoS	X	X X	X	X		
Topology/Architecture	X	X X X	X X X			
Optical Photonic	X X	X	X			



IJKDIJK

Sensors: 15000km\* 800 bps/m ->12 Gbit/s to cover all Dutch dikes

# Sensor grid: instrument the dikes

First controlled breach occurred on sept 27th '08:



Many Pflops/s

Many small flows -> 12 Gb/s

# Tera-Thinking

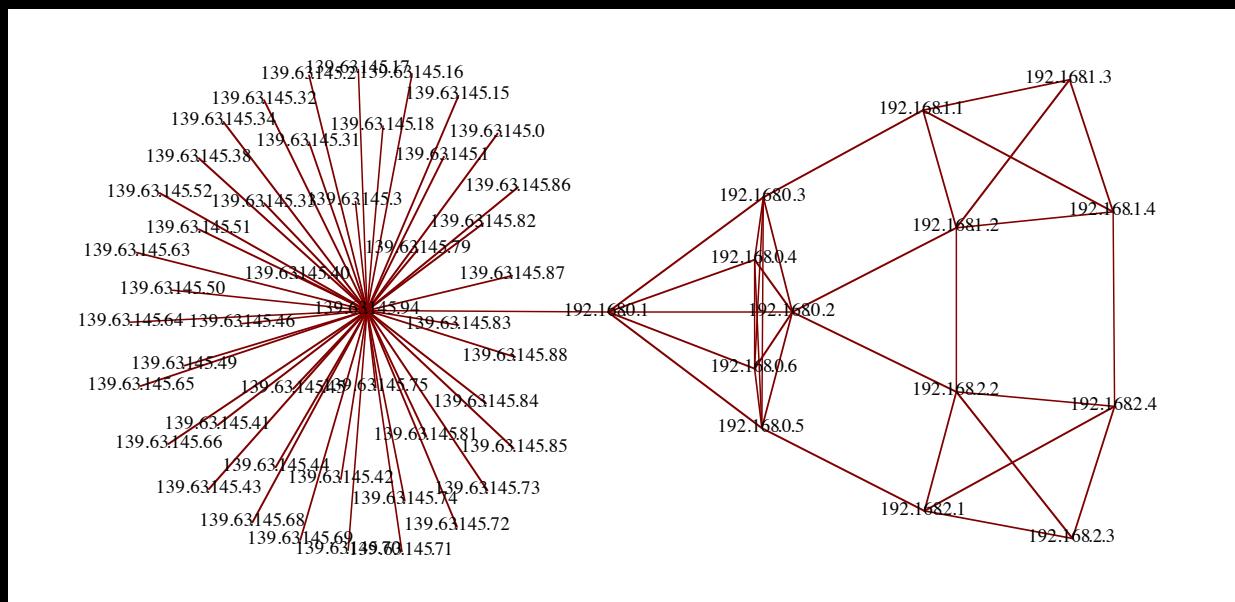
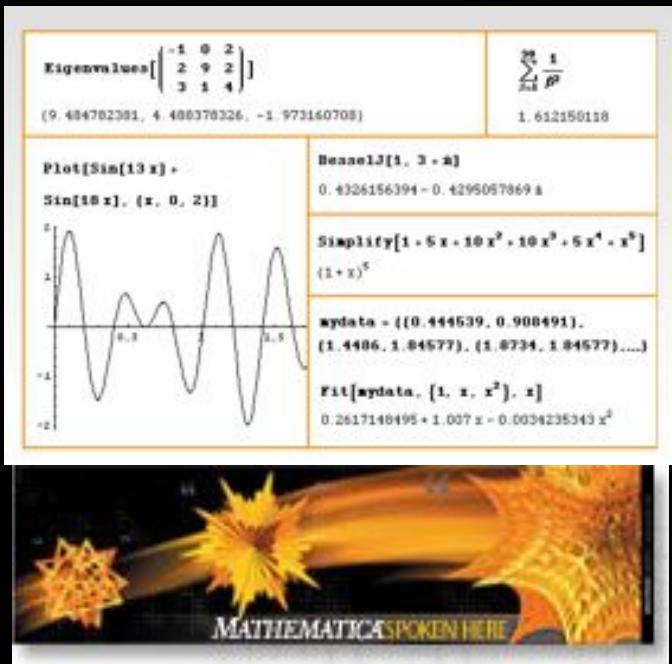
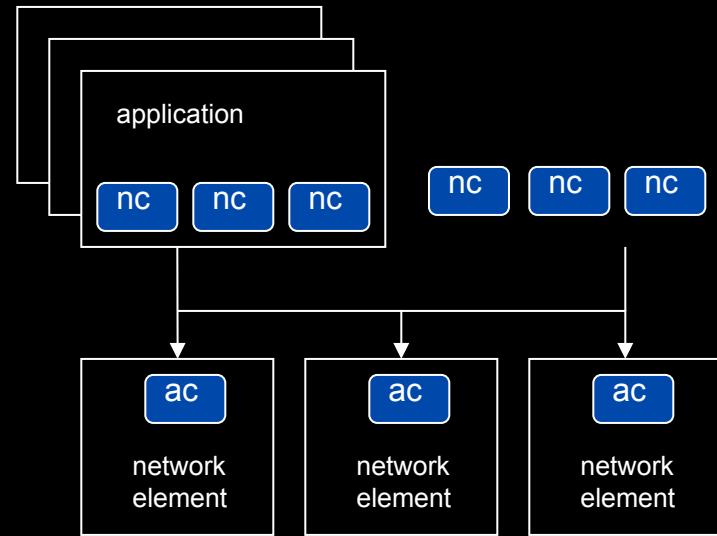
- What constitutes a Tb/s network?
- think back to teraflop computing!
  - MPI turns a room full of pc's in a teraflop machine
- massive parallel channels in hosts, NIC's
- TeraApps programming model supported by
  - TFlops → MPI / Globus / Cloud
  - TBytes → DAIS / MONETdb ...
  - TPixels → SAGE
  - TSensors → LOFAR, LHC, LOOKING, CineGrid, ...
  - Tbit/s → ?
  - ? → Programmable Networks

# User Programmable Virtualized Networks.

The network is virtualized as a collection of resources

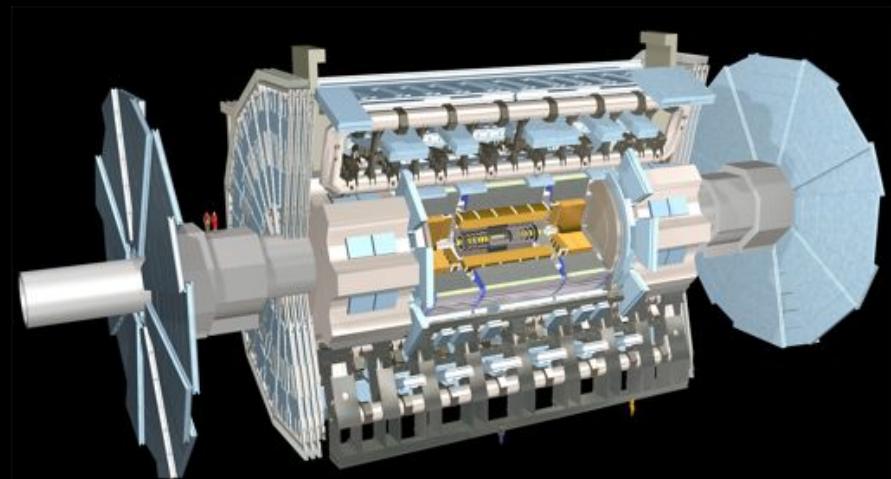
UPVNs enable network resources to be programmed as part of the application

Mathematica interacts with virtualized networks using UPVNs and optimize network + computation



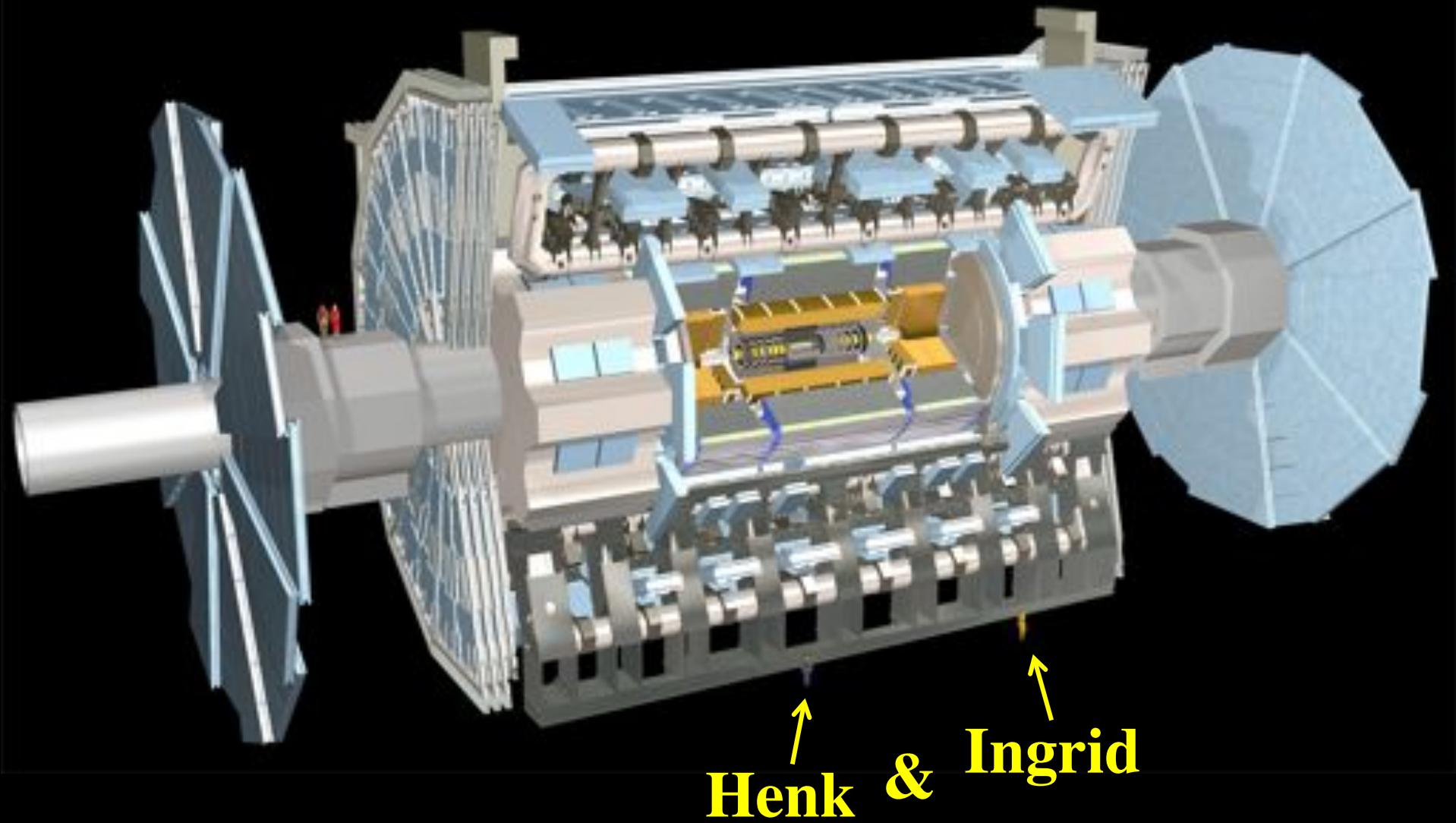
# TouchTable Demonstration @ SC08





	Ijkdijk/Urban Flood	Medical	LifeWatch	CosmoGrid/eVLBI	EU-GN3/NOVI/Geyser	SURFnet/GLIF/Cloud
Green-IT	X X					
Privacy/Trust	X		X			
Authorization/policy	X X		X X			
Programmable networks	X	X				
40-100Gig/TCP/WF/QoS	X	X X	X	X		
Topology/Architecture	X	X X X	X X X			
Optical Photonic	X X	X X	X			

# ATLAS detector @ CERN Geneve

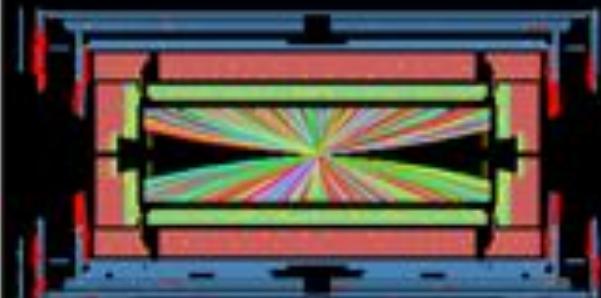
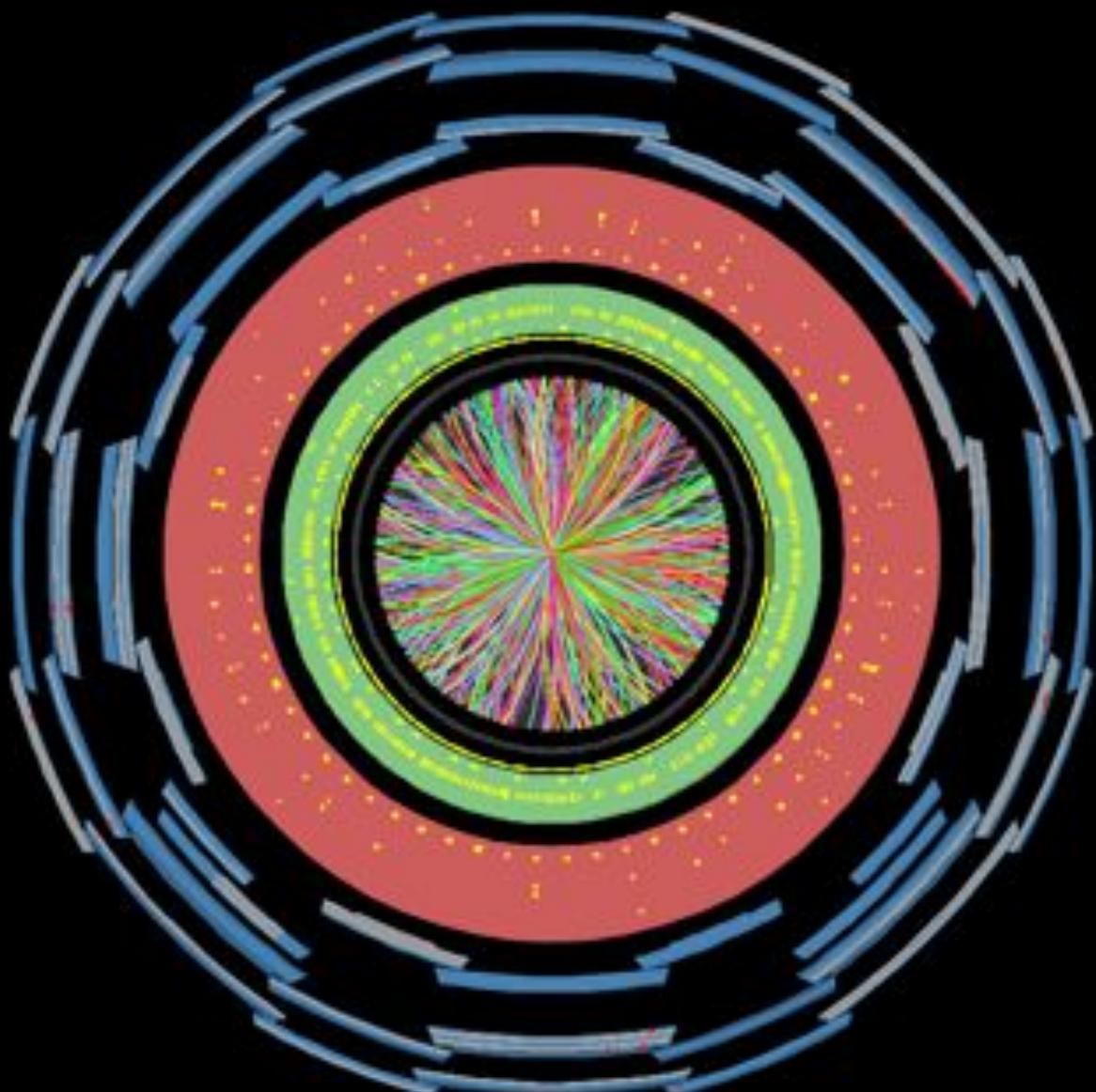


↑  
**Henk & Ingrid**  
↑

# ATLAS detector @ CERN Geneve



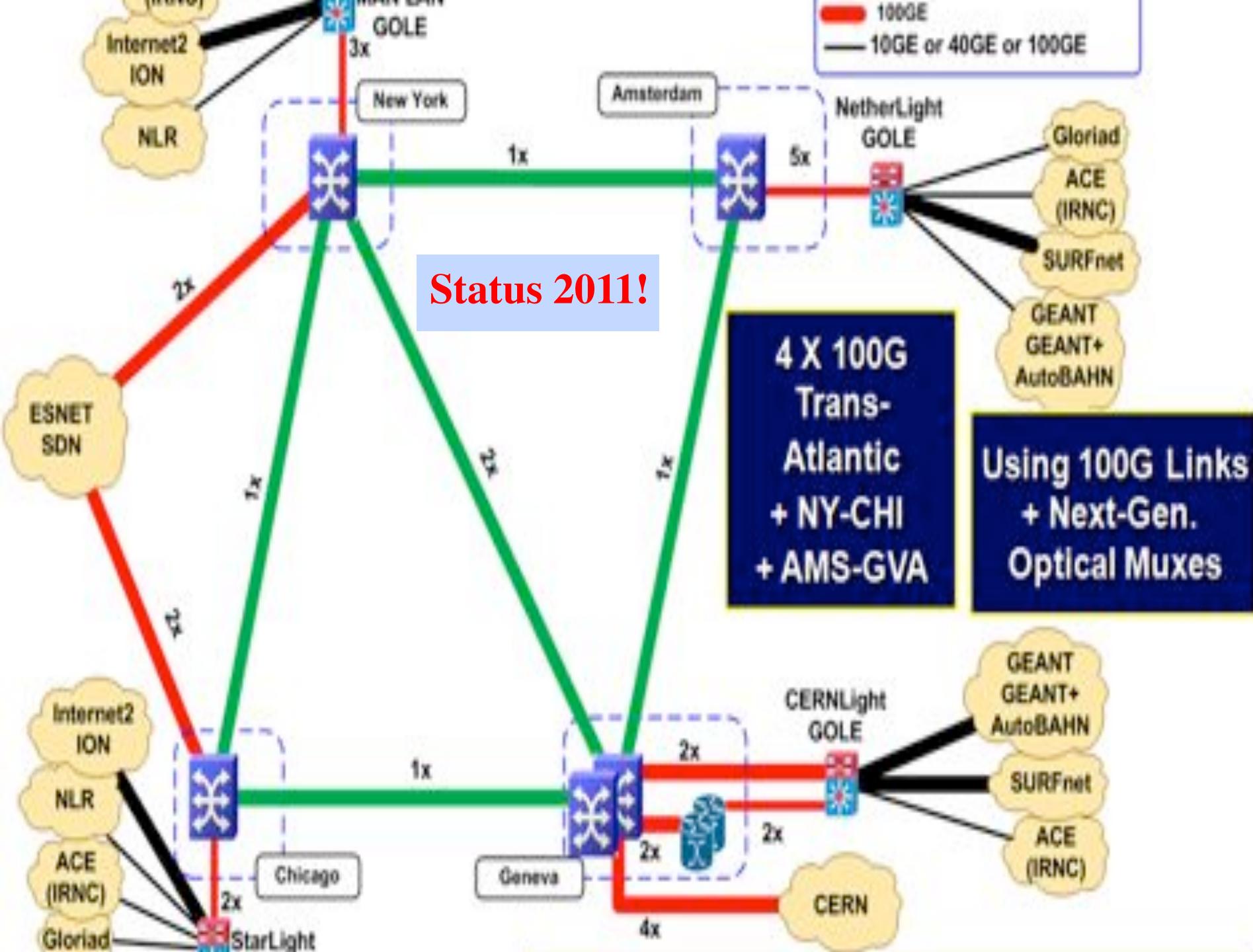
# One Heavy Ion Collision in Atlas!



Run Number: 170482, Event Number: 3936308

Date: 2010-12-06 17:21:31 CET

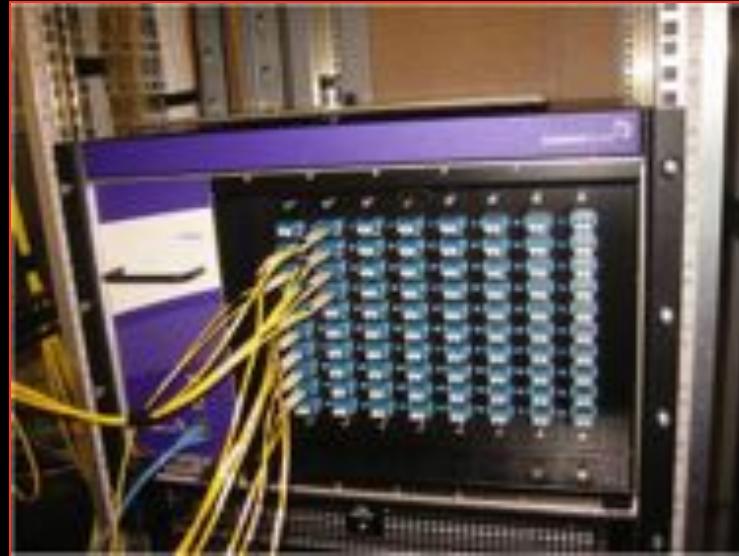
Snapshot of a heavy ion collision  
directly from the ATLAS experiment



# Towards Hybrid Networking!

- Costs of photonic equipment 10% of switching 10 % of full routing
  - for same throughput!
  - Photonic vs Optical (optical used for SONET, etc, 10-50 k\$/port)
  - DWDM lasers for long reach expensive, 10-50 k\$
- Bottom line: look for a hybrid architecture which serves all classes in a cost effective way
  - map A -> L3 , B -> L2 , C -> L1 and L2
- Give each packet in the network the service it needs, but no more !

$L1 \approx 2\text{-}3 \text{ k\$}/\text{port}$



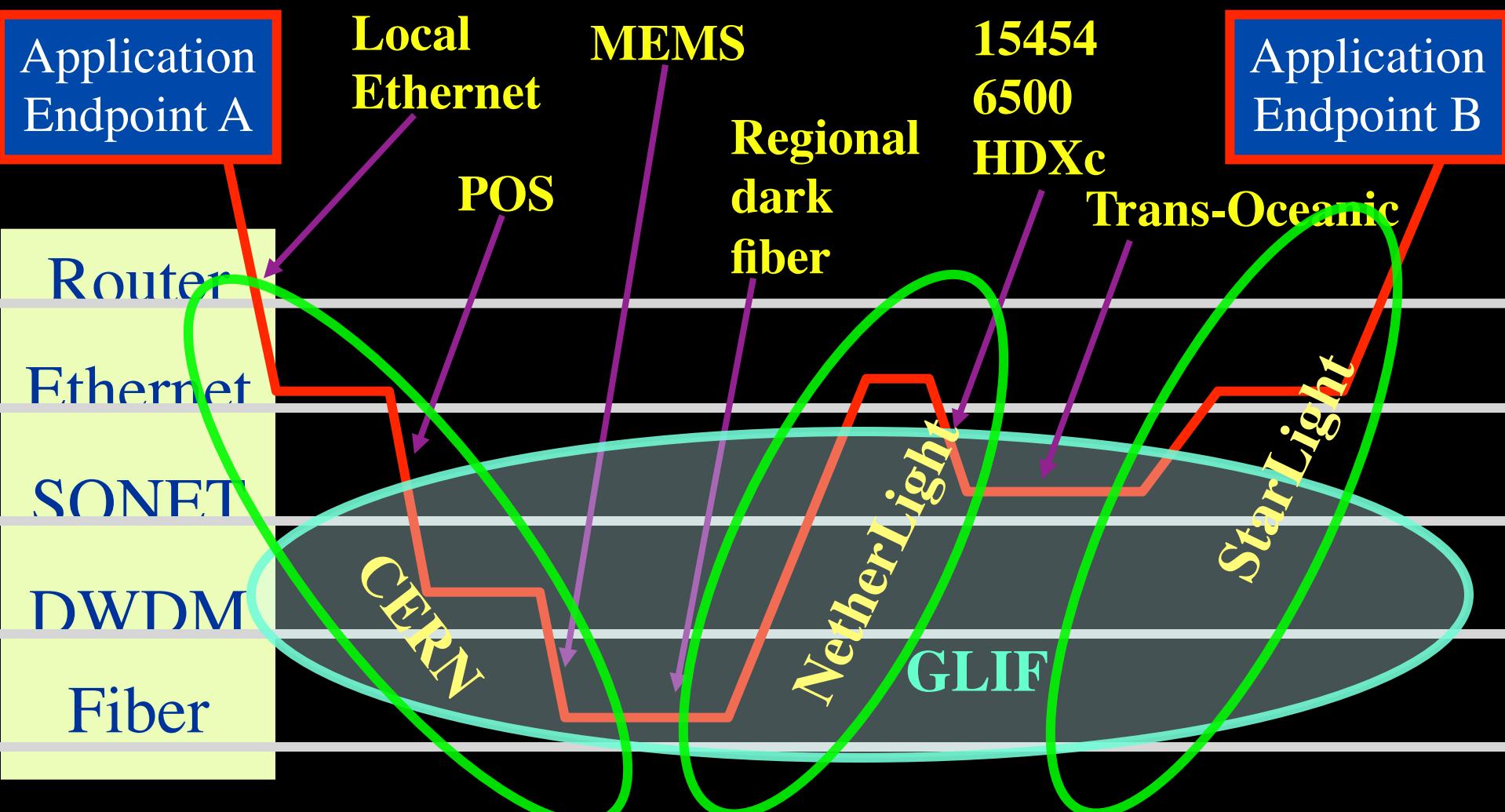
$L2 \approx 5\text{-}8 \text{ k\$}/\text{port}$



$L3 \approx 75+\text{ k\$}/\text{port}$



# How low can you go?





In The Netherlands SURFnet connects between 180:

- universities;
- academic hospitals;
- most polytechnics;
- research centers.

with an indirect ~750K user base

~ 8860 km  
scale  
comparable  
to railway  
system

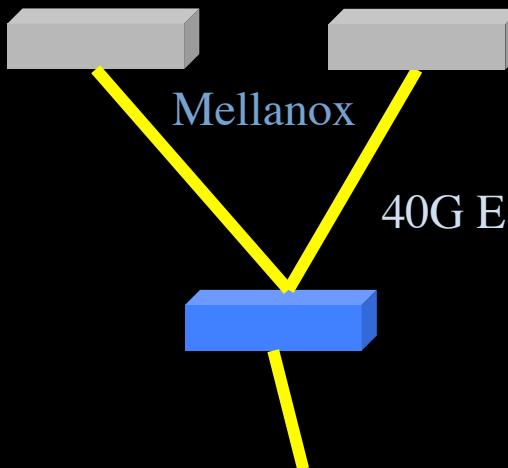
# ClearStream @ TNC2011

Setup codename:  
FlightCees



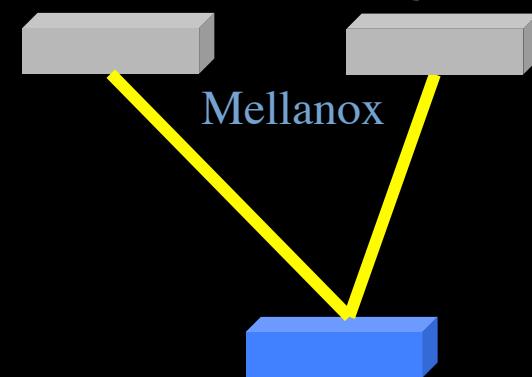
## UvA

iPerf  
I7 3.2 GHz Q-core      iPerf  
Amd Ph II 3.6 GHz HexC



## Copenhagen

iPerf  
2\* dual 2.8 GHz Q-core



## CERN

CIENA DWDM



## Hamburg

Alcatel DWDM

27 ms RTT

17 ms RTT



Amsterdam – Geneva (CERN) – Copenhagen – 4400 km (2700 km alien light)

# Demo setup codename: FlightCees



Ciena ActiveFlex(OME)  
6500

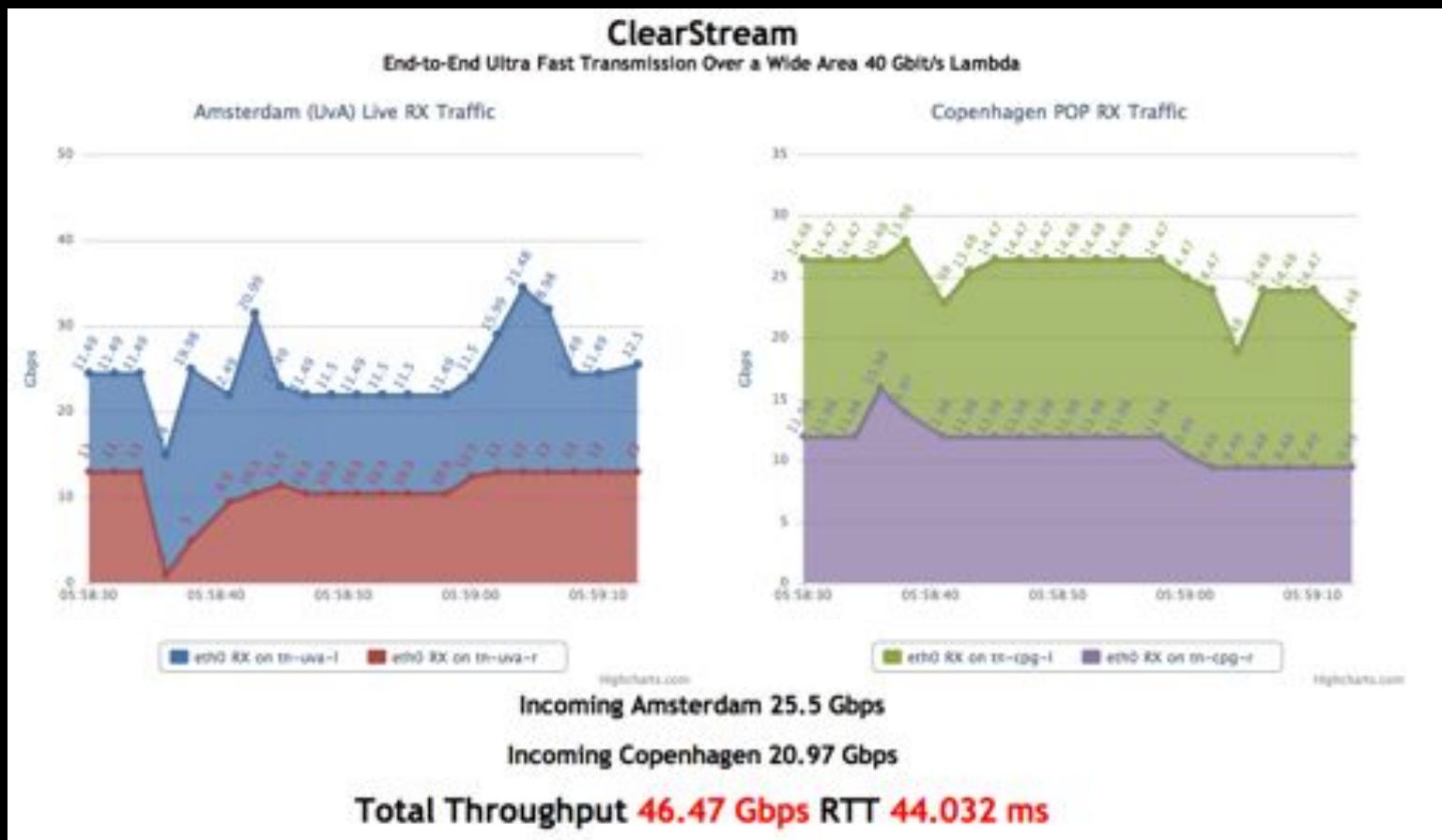
Broadcom 40GE 18 port L2  
Ethernet Switch

Supermicro Intel Server

Dell R815 Server

# Visit CIENA Booth

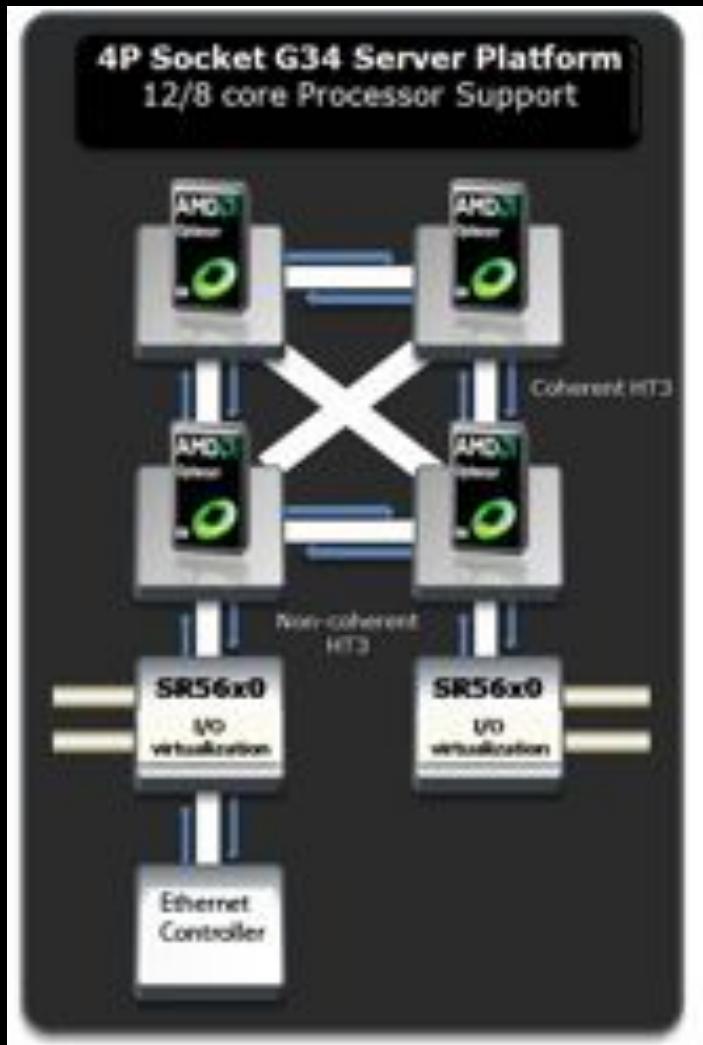
# surf to <http://tnc11.delaat.net>



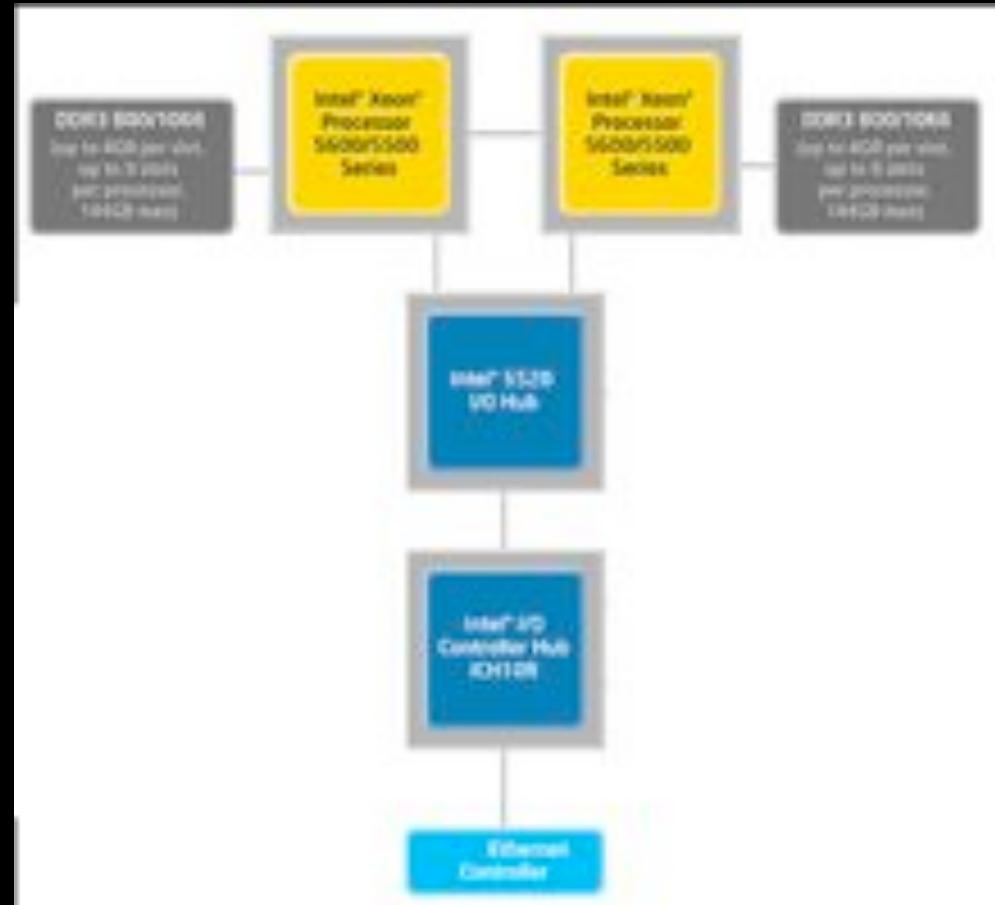
# Results (rtt = 17 ms)

- Single flow iPerf 1 core → 21 Gbps
- Single flow iPerf 1 core ◊ → 15+15 Gbps
- Multi flow iPerf 2 cores → 25 Gbps
- Multi flow iPerf 2 cores ◊ → 23+23 Gbps
- DiViNe ◊ → 11 Gbps
- Multi flow iPerf + DiVine → 35 Gbps
- Multi flow iPerf + DiVine ◊ → 35 + 35 Gbps

# Server Architecture

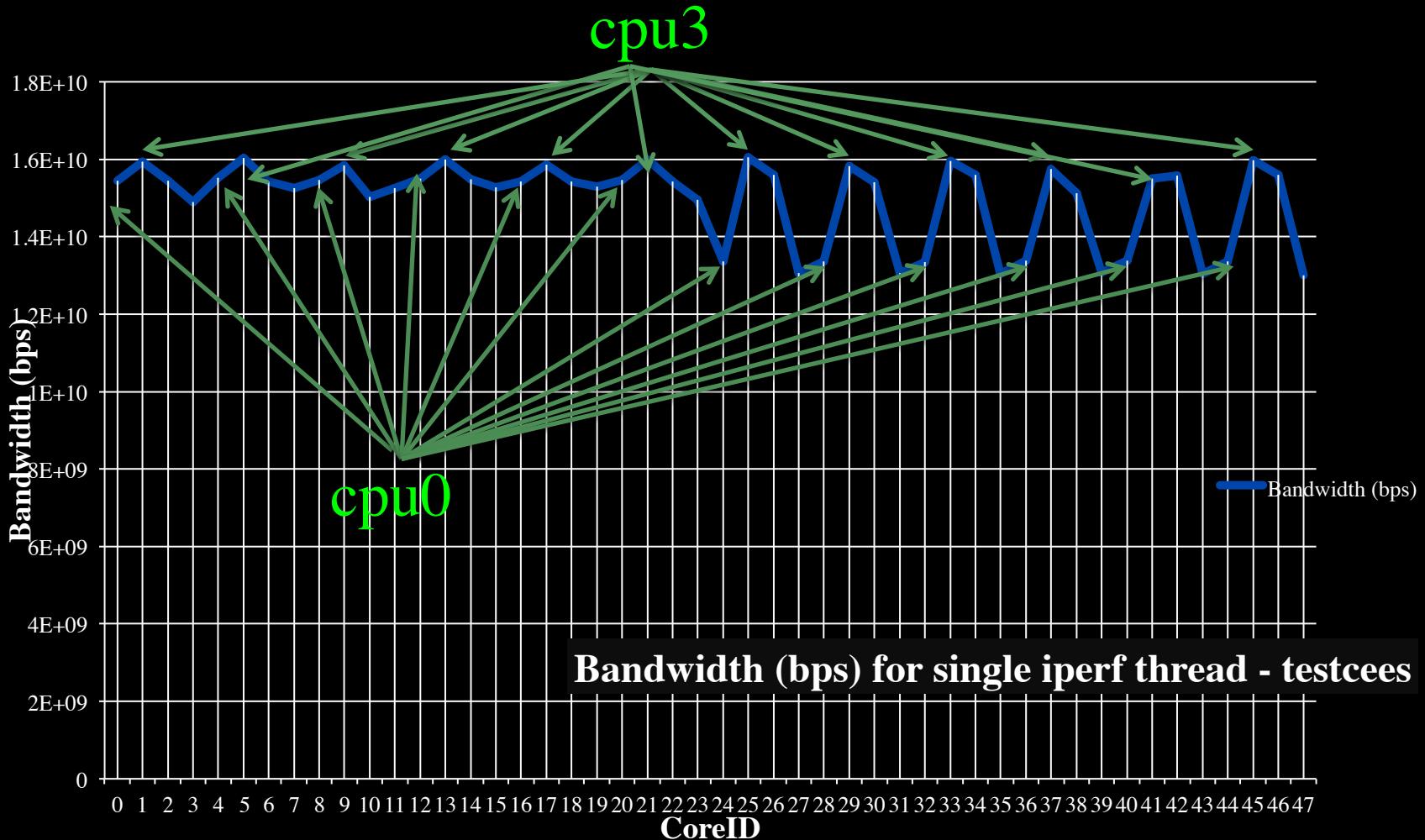


DELL R815  
4 x AMD Opteron 6100



Supermicro X8DTT-HIBQF  
2 x Intel Xeon

# CPU Topology benchmark

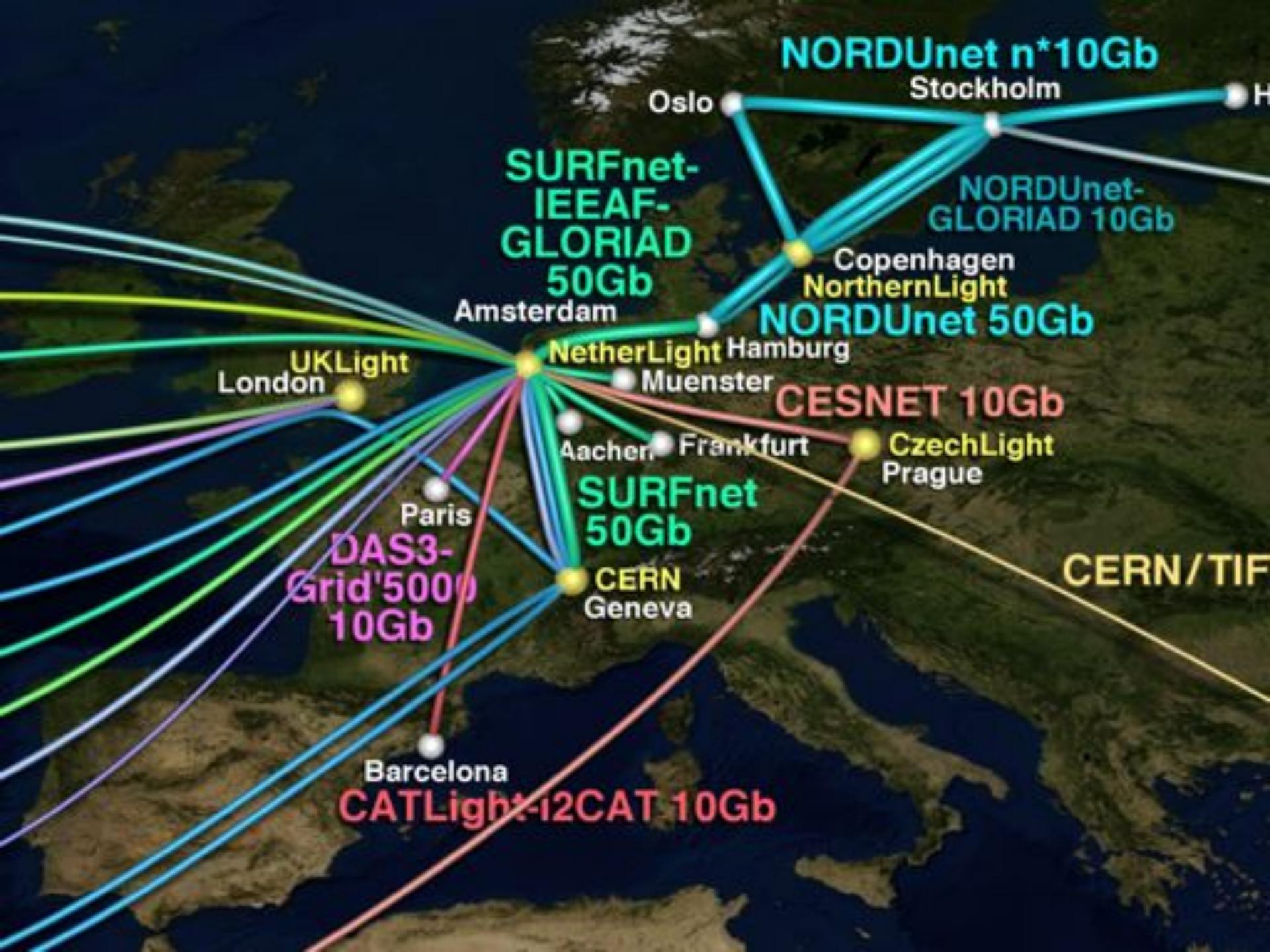


We used numactl to bind iperf to cores



We investigate:  
complex networks!





# VIZUALIZATION

DataExploration

RemoteControl

Management

Backup

TV

Medical

CineGrid



Gaming

Mining

Media

Web2.0

Visualisation



Meta

Security

NetherLight

Conference

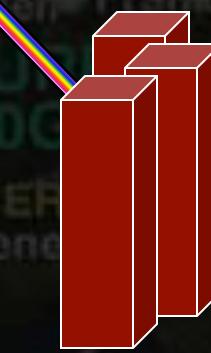
Workflow

Clouds

Distributed



EventProcessing



Simulations

StreamProcessing

Predictions

# GRID&CLOUD

# DATACENTER

NORDUnet 10Gb

SUPERCOMPUTER  
IEEAF  
GL  
NORDUnet-  
COLORAD 10Gb

50Gb

Copenhagen

Amsterdam  
Muenster  
CESNET 10Gb

Hamburg

Aachen  
Frankfurt  
CzechLight

Geneva

CERN

Barcelona

CATLight-12CAT 10Gb

Paris

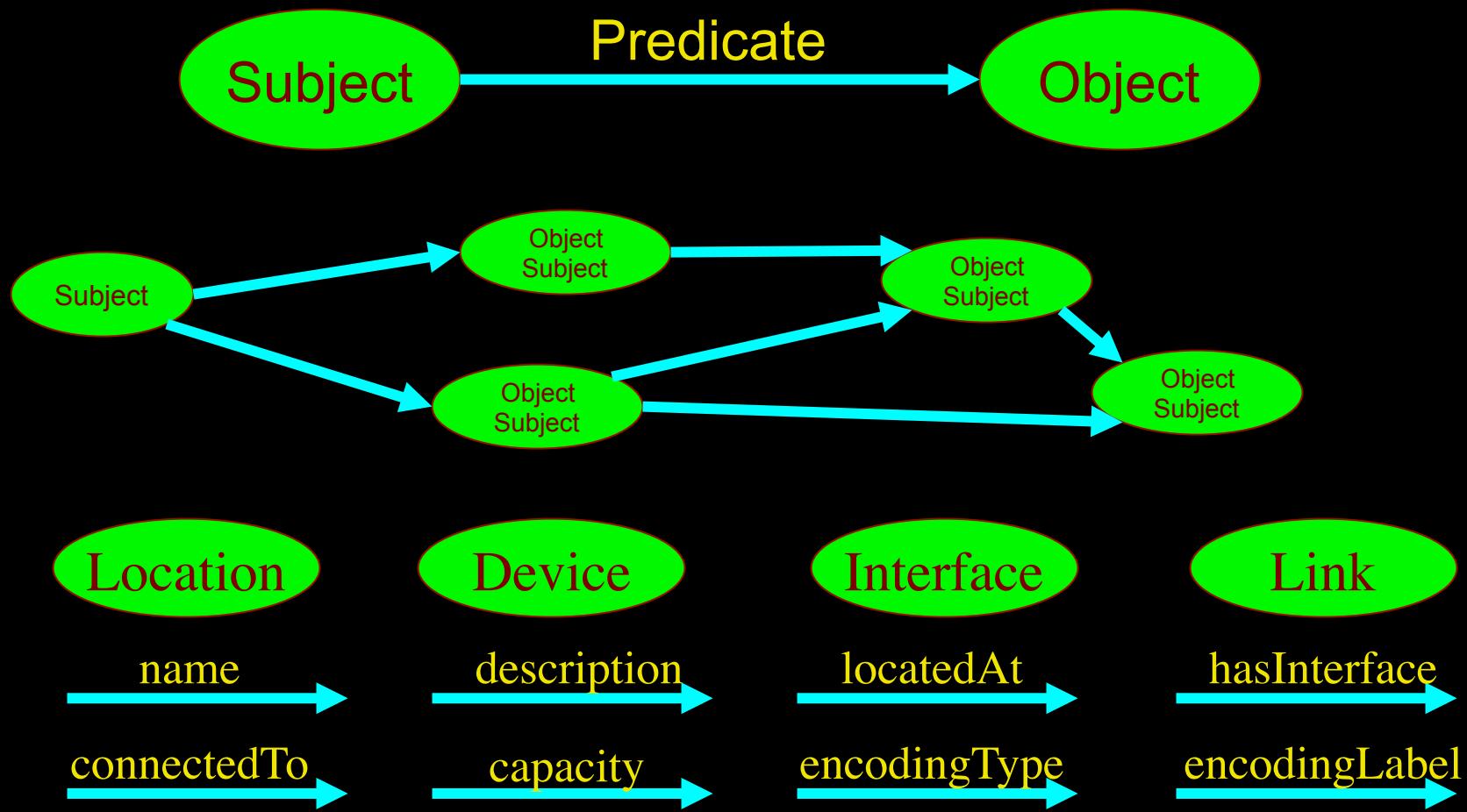
London

Paris



# LinkedIN for Infrastructure

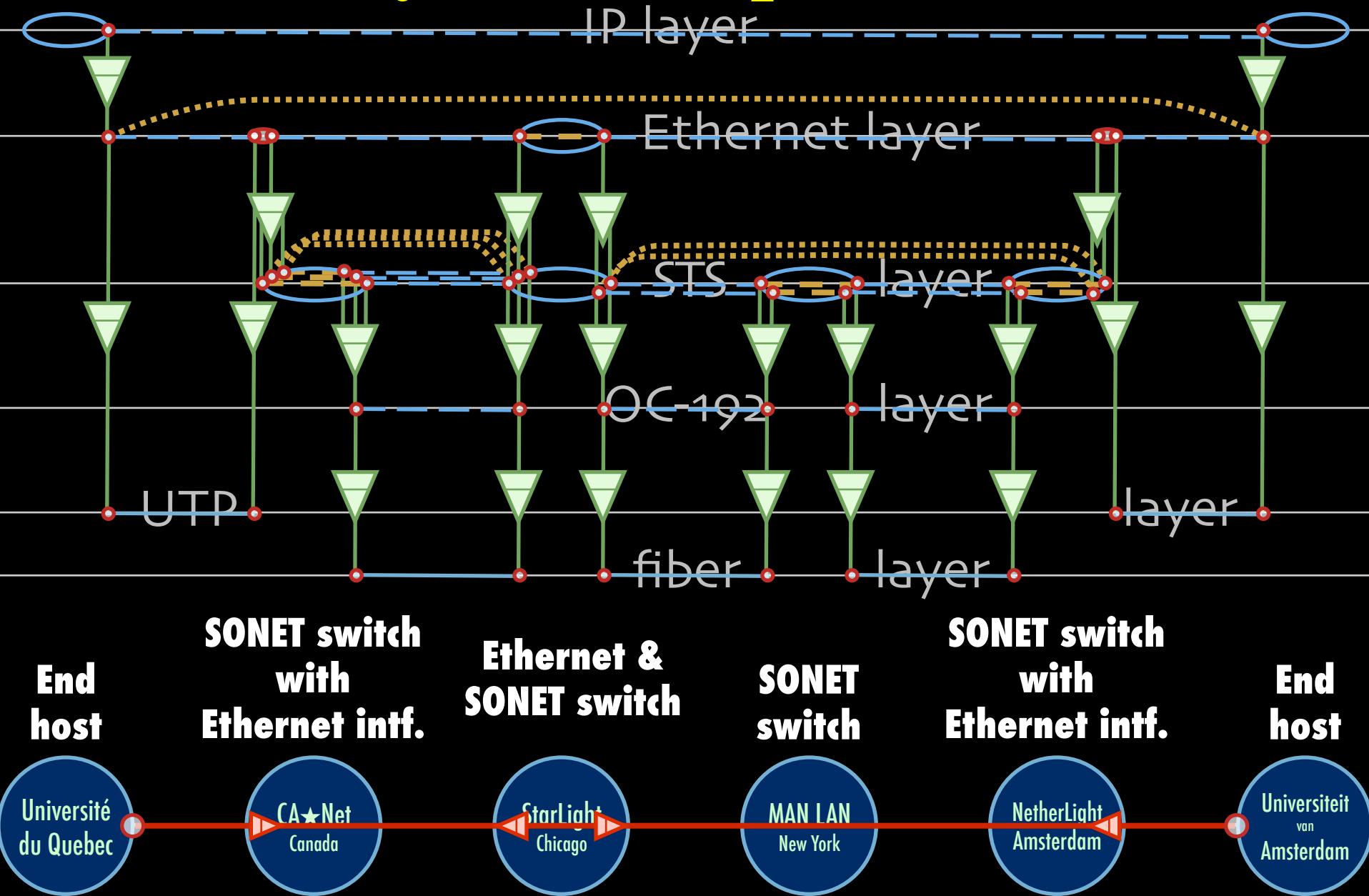
- From semantic Web / Resource Description Framework.
- The RDF uses XML as an interchange syntax.
- Data is described by triplets (Friend of a Friend):



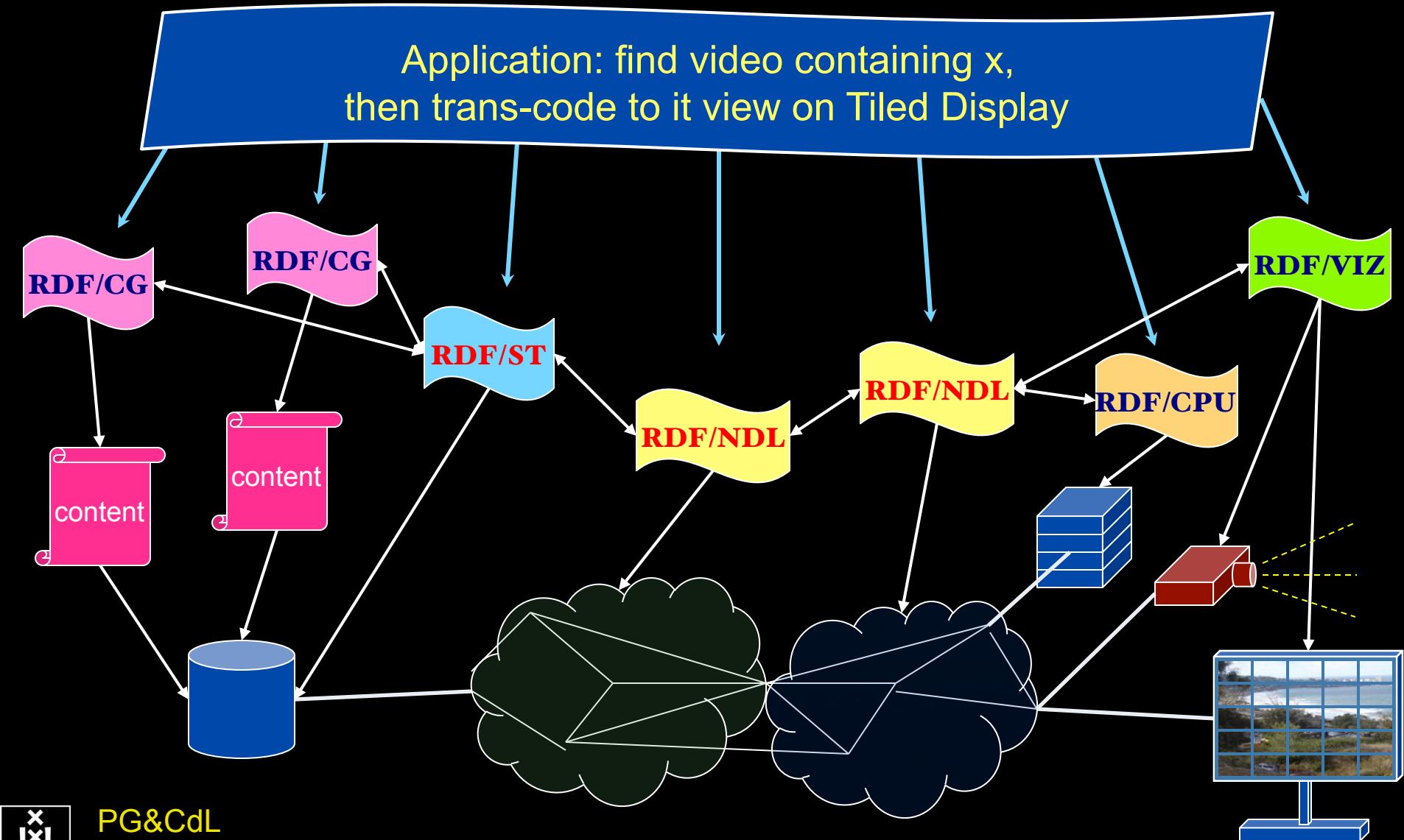
# NetherLight in RDF

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
           xmlns:ndl="http://www.science.uva.nl/research/air/ndl#">
    <!-- Description of Netherlight -->
    <ndl:Location rdf:about="#Netherlight">
        <ndl:name>Netherlight Optical Exchange</ndl:name>
    </ndl:Location>
    <!-- TDM3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net -->
    <ndl:Device rdf:about="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net">
        <ndl:name>tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net</ndl:name>
        <ndl:locatedAt rdf:resource="#amsterdam1.netherlight.net"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/1"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/3"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/4"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:503/1"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/2"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/5"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/6"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/7"/>
        <ndl:hasInterface rdf:resource="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/8"/>
        <!-- all the interfaces of TDM3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net -->
        <ndl:Interface rdf:about="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/1">
            <ndl:name>tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:POS501/1</ndl:name>
            <ndl:connectedTo rdf:resource="#tdm4.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:5/1"/>
        </ndl:Interface>
        <ndl:Interface rdf:about="#tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:501/2">
            <ndl:name>tdm3.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:POS501/2</ndl:name>
            <ndl:connectedTo rdf:resource="#tdm1.amsterdam1.netherlight.net:12/1"/>
        </ndl:Interface>
```

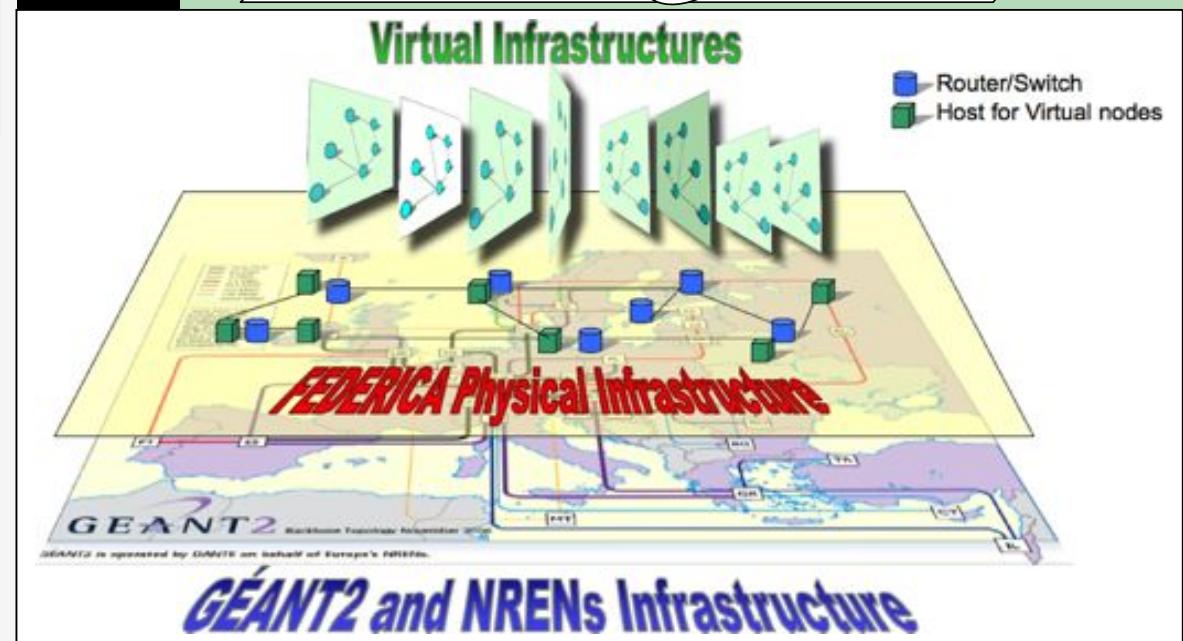
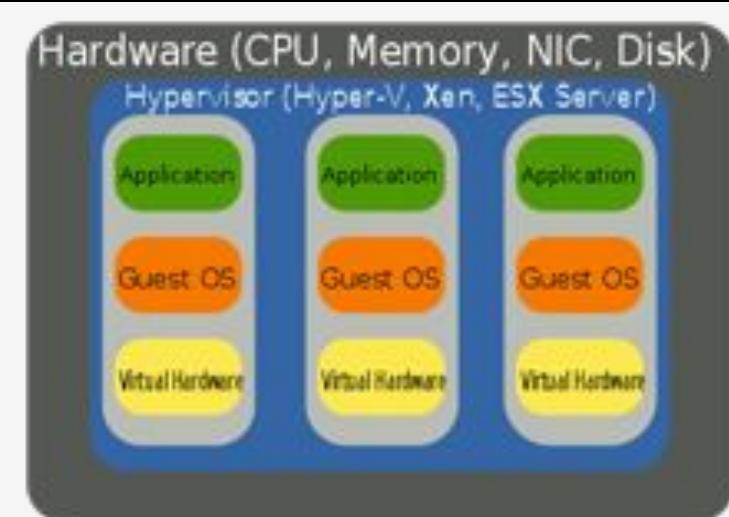
# Multi-layer descriptions in NDL

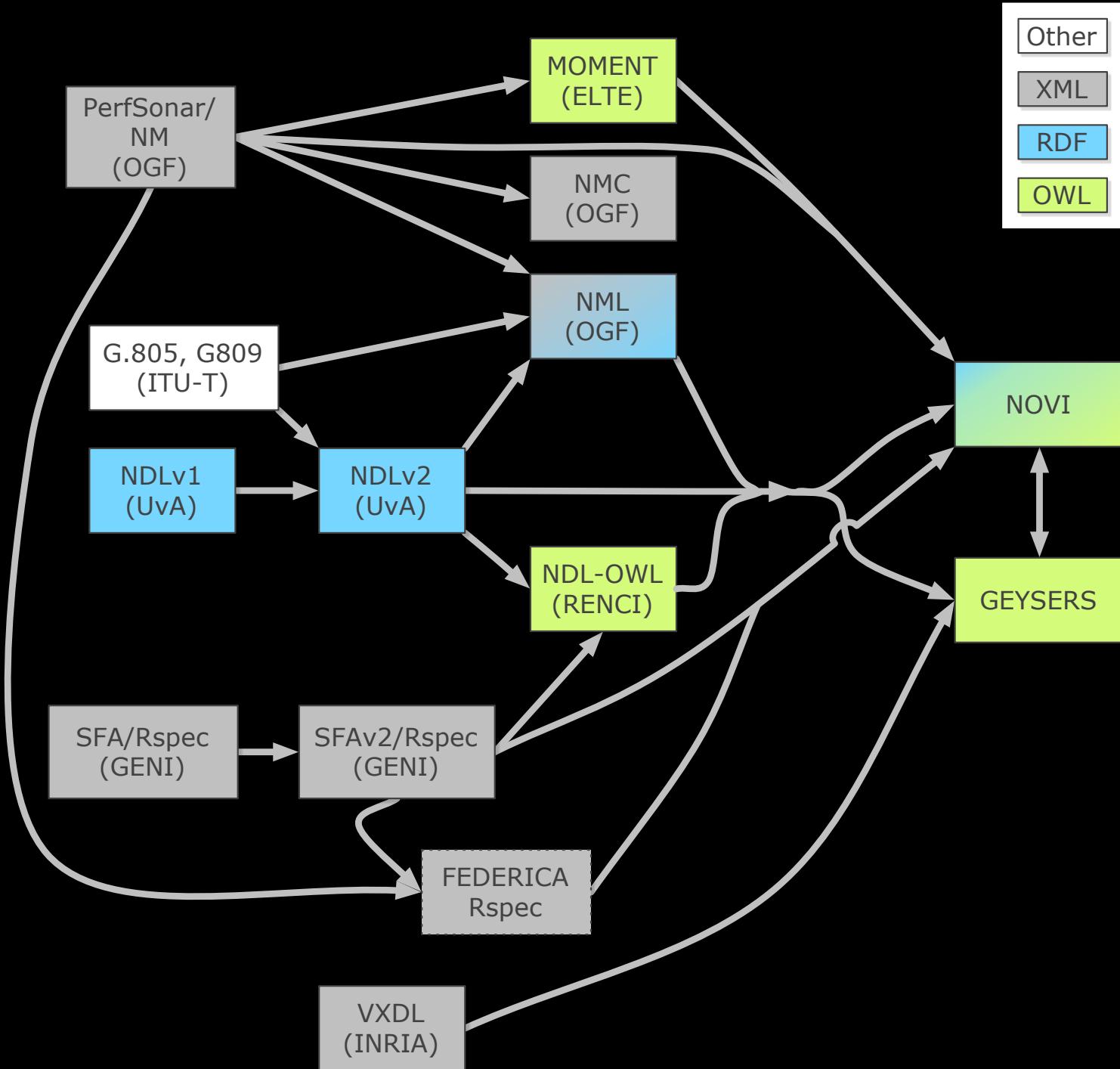


# RDF describing Infrastructure



# Virtualisatie van infrastructuur & QoS





# Applications and Networks become aware of each other!

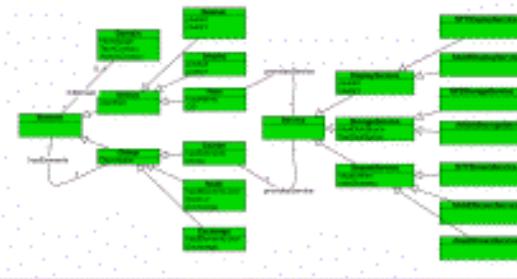
CineGrid is an initiative to facilitate the exchange, storage and display of high-quality digital media.

The CineGrid Description Language (CDL) describes CineGrid resources. Streaming, display and storage components are organized in a hierarchical way.

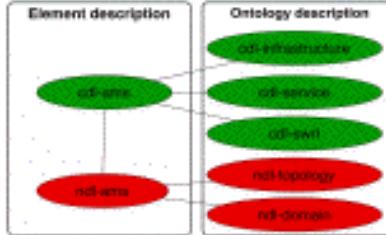
CDL has bindings to the NDL ontology that enables descriptions of network components and their interconnections.

With CDL we can reason on the CineGrid infrastructure and its services.

## UML representation of CDL



**CDL** links to **NDL** using the *owl:SameAs* property. **CDL** defines the services, **NDL** the network interfaces and links. The combination of the two ontologies identifies the host pairs that support matching services via existing network connections.



SQWRL is used to query the Ontology.

Which CineGrid nodes are directly connected?



```

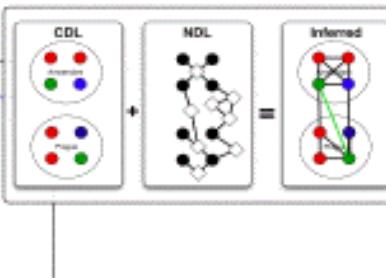
cdl:hostElements(?node1, ?host1) &
ndl topo:hostInterface(?host1, ?IF1) &
ndl topo:connectedTo(?IF1, ?IF2) &
ndl topo:hasInterface(?host2, ?IF2) &
cdl:hostElements(?node2, ?host2) ->
sqwrl:select(?node1, ?node2)
  
```

cdl-ams.owl

cdl-ams:Amsterdam  
cdl-ams:Prague  
cdl-ams:Amsterdam

cdl-ams:Prague

cdl-ams:Amsterdam

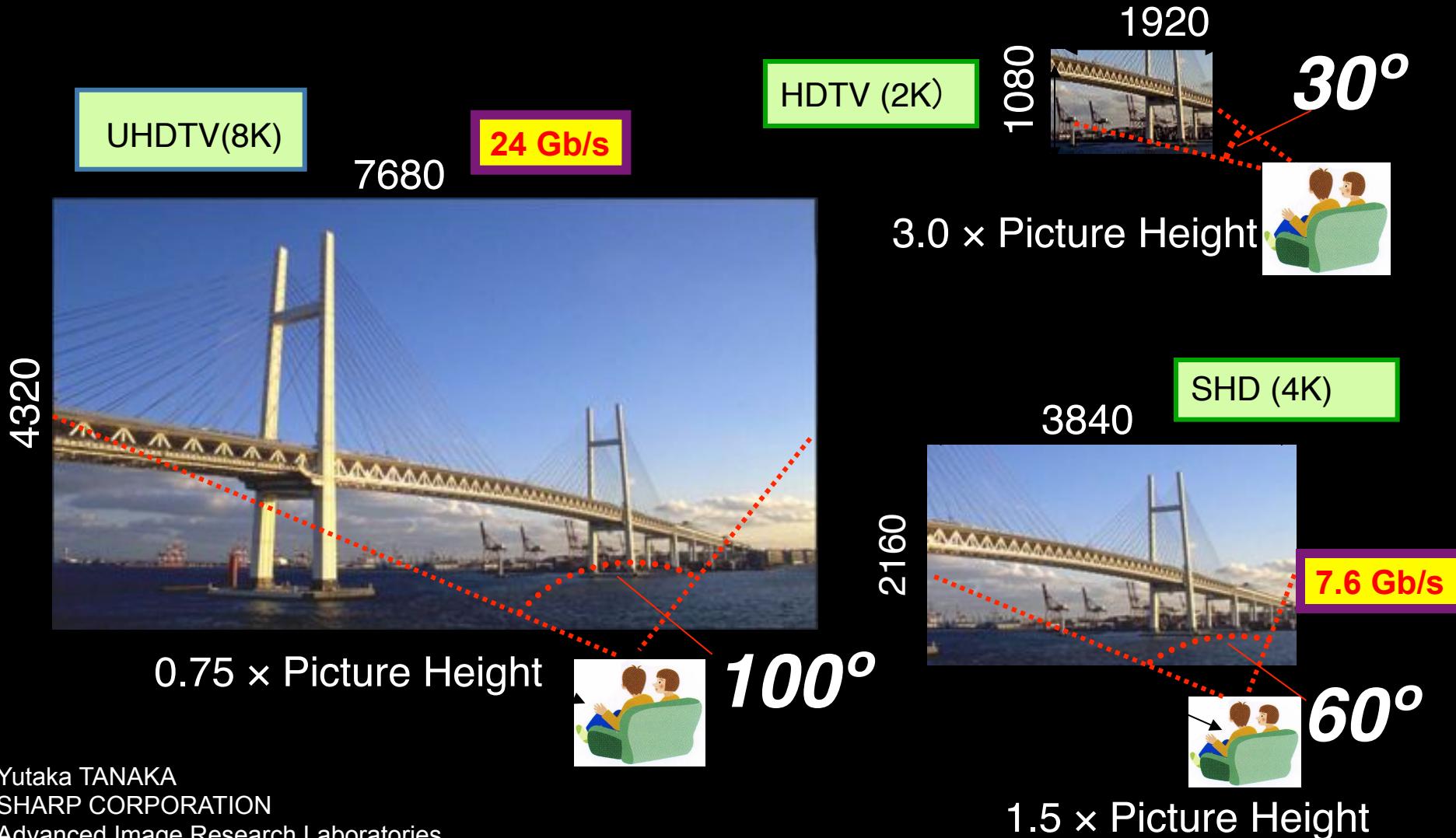




	Ijkdijk/Urban Flood	Medical	LifeWatch	CosmoGrid/eVLBI	EU-GN3/NOVI/Geysers	CineGrid	SURFnet/GLIF/Cloud
Green-IT	X	X					
Privacy/Trust		X		X			
Authorization/policy		X	X		X	X	
Programmable networks	X	X					
40-100Gig/TCP/WF/QoS	X		X	X	X		
Topology/Architecture		X	X	X	X	X	
Optical Photonic		X	X		X		

# Why is more resolution is better?

1. More Resolution Allows Closer Viewing of Larger Image
2. Closer Viewing of Larger Image Increases Viewing Angle
3. Increased Viewing Angle Produces Stronger Emotional Response

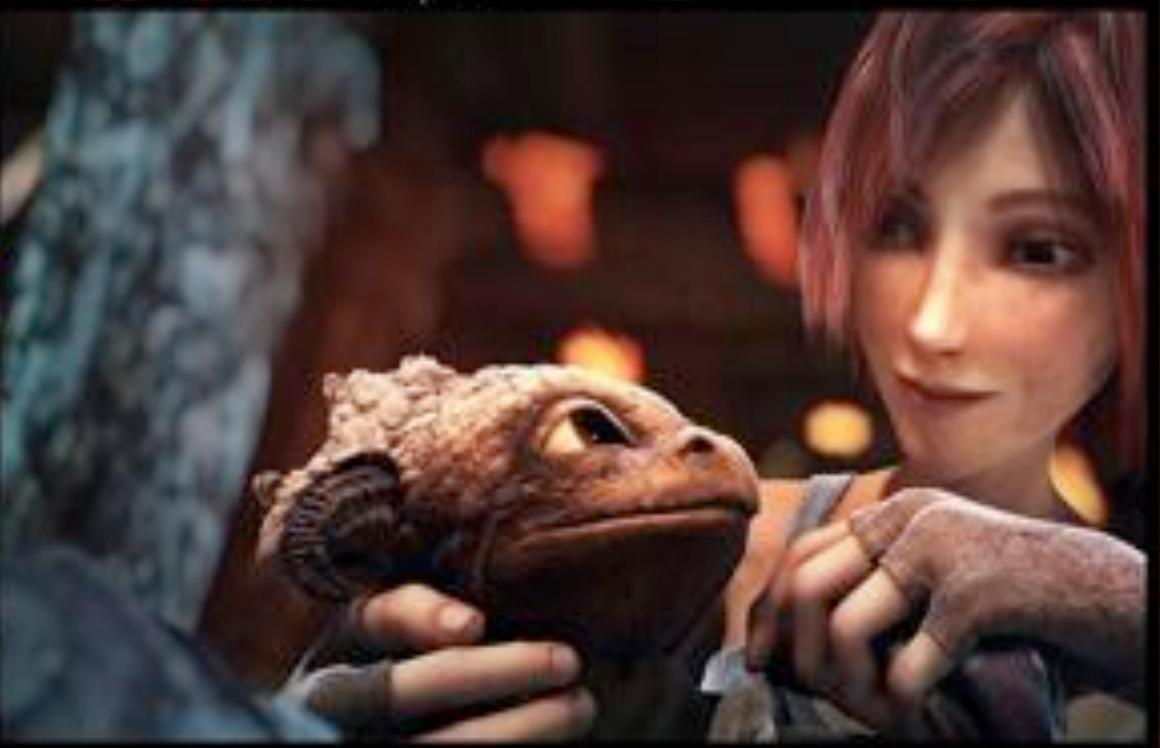




Hey, it's still...



We're almost done. Ssh...



# The “Dead Cat” demo

1 Mflops/byte

Real time issue

SC2004,  
Pittsburgh,  
Nov. 6 to 12, 2004  
iGrid2005,  
San Diego,  
sept. 2005

Many thanks to:  
AMC  
SARA  
GigaPort  
UvA/AIR  
Silicon Graphics,  
Inc.  
Zoölogisch Museum



# CineGrid portal

100 Tbyte  
Cache & Store & Forward



[Home](#) | [About](#) | [Browse Content](#) | [cinegrid.org](#) | [cinegrid.nl](#)

## Amsterdam Node Status:

node41:  
Disk space used: 8 GiB  
Disk space available: 10 GiB

## Search node:

Search

## Browse by tag:

amsterdam animation  
[antonaco](#) blender boat  
bridge burns cgi data holland  
hollandfestival  
leidscheheide  
muziekgebouw  
nieuwemarkt opera prague ship  
train tram trans waag

## CineGrid Amsterdam

Welcome to the Amsterdam CineGrid distribution node. Below are the latest additions of super-high-quality video to our node.

For more information about CineGrid and our efforts look at the [about](#) section.

## Latest Additions



### Wypke

Wypke

Available formats:  
4K: dcl (4.6 kB)  
Duration: 1 hour and 8 minutes  
Created: 1 week, 2 days ago  
Author: Wypke  
Categories:



### Prague Train

Steam locomotive in Prague.

Available formats:  
4K: dcl (3.9 kB)  
Duration: 27 hours and 46 minutes  
Created: 1 week, 2 days ago  
Author: CineGrid  
Categories: data prague train

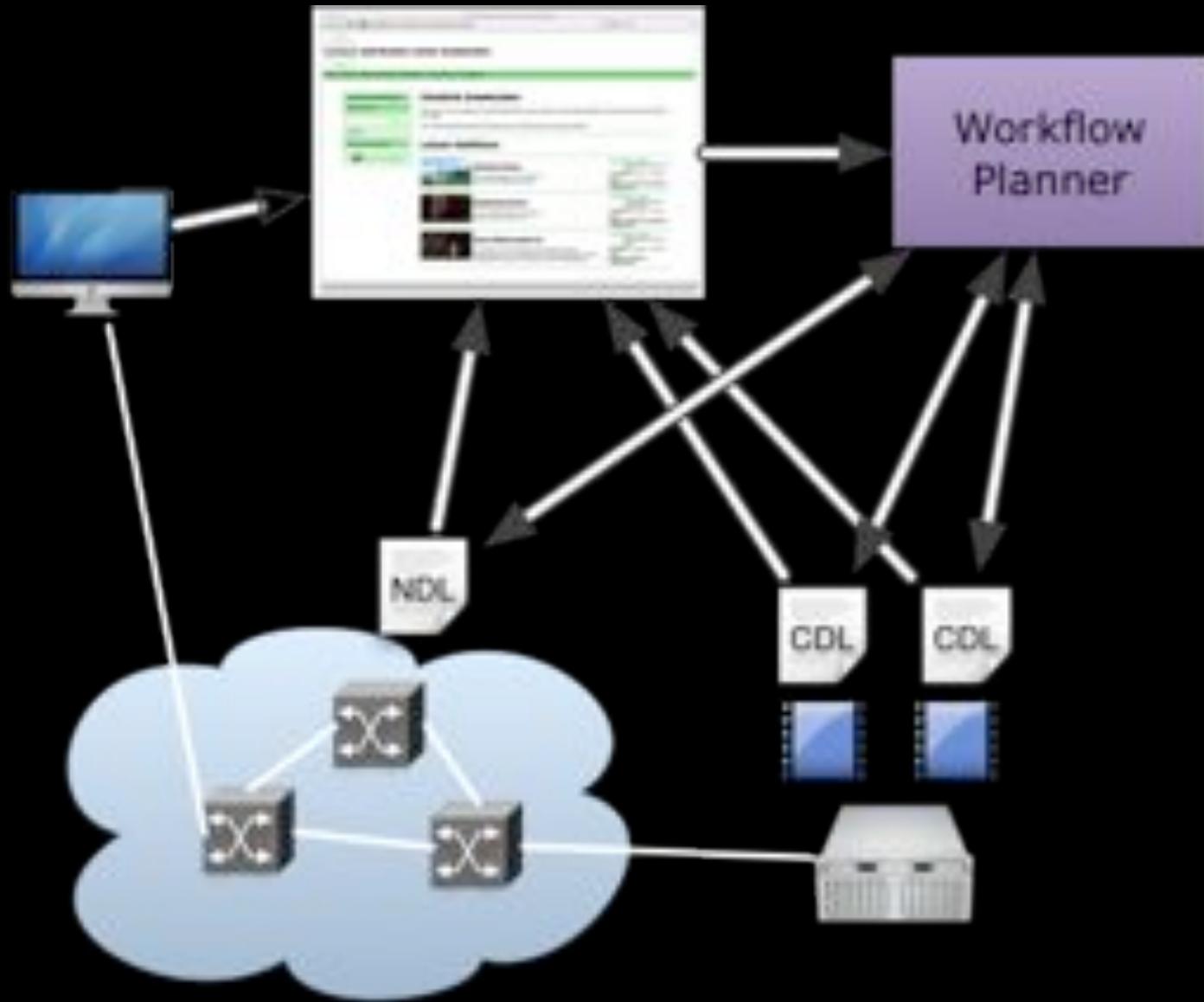


### VLC: Big Buck Bunny

(c) copyright Blender Foundation | <http://www.bigbuckbunny.org>

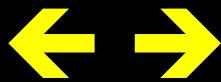
Available formats:  
1080p: MPEG4 (1.1 GB)  
Duration: 1 hour and 9 minutes  
Created: 1 month, 1 week ago  
Author: Blender Foundation  
Categories: animation Blender Bunny

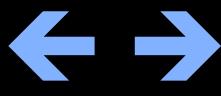
# CineGrid Workflow Planner



# Hybrid Networking <-> Computing

Routers                                        Supercomputers

Ethernet switches                                        Grid & Cloud

Photonic transport                                        GPU's

What matters:

Energy consumption/multiplication

Energy consumption/bit transported

# EU



SARA

Pieken-in-de-Delta  
**SURFnet**  
SURF-ESRC  
FES  
UvA  
NWO



# Onderwijs - Master SNE

- Open Source aanpak

☺ Hij luistert  
naar ons!



- Gebaseerd op open en non-discriminatory standaarden
- Privacy en Security
- Digitale beveiliging & forensics
- Internet infrastructuur
- Opleiding nauw verweven met de onderzoeksgroep!



SNE/OS3 Homepage [OS3 Webs...]

DNSsec

Secured by DNSSEC

Domain name:  
www.os3.nl  
is secured by DNSSEC.

Search

Your computer is also secured by DNSSEC for  
this particular domain, so you are secured  
against domain name spoofing.

## Master Education

SNE is the University of Amsterdam master education in System and Network Engineering.

We focus on Open Standards, Open Software and Open Security, hence the name OS3.

### Information

General information and testimonials are available at the

- » [Introductory page](#)

More in depth facts can be found on our

- » [Master SNE page](#)

### Contact

If you want to make a personal appointment to visit our education or to attend a lecture, please contact us via info at os3 dot nl.

You can visit our facilities at the Science Faculty of the University of Amsterdam located at the Science Park Amsterdam.

- » Home
- » Info
- » 2010-2011
- » Schedule
- » Courses
  - » ES
  - » CIA
  - » SSN
  - » DIA
  - » RP1
  - » INR
  - » CF
  - » LIA
  - » OT
  - » ICP
  - » VA
  - » RP2
  - » Colloquia

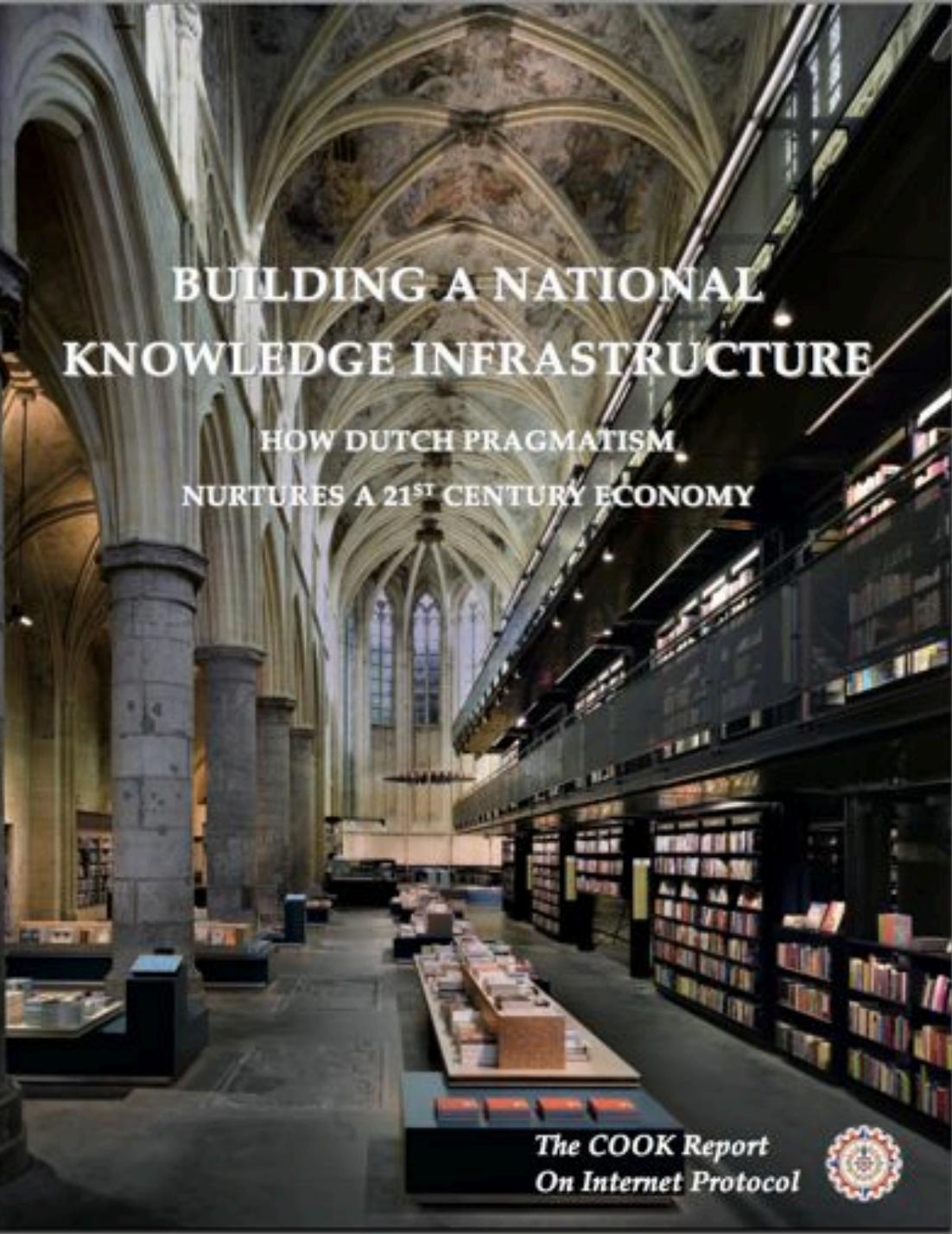
- » OS3 Masters Theses
- » Archive

Links

# Questions ?

## BUILDING A NATIONAL KNOWLEDGE INFRASTRUCTURE

HOW DUTCH PRAGMATISM  
NURTURES A 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY ECONOMY



CookReport  
feb 2009 and feb-mar 2010

november '08  
interview with  
Kees Neggers (SURFnet),  
Cees de Laat (UvA)

and furthermore  
on november '09

Wim Liebrandt (SURF),  
Bob Hertzberger (UvA) and  
Hans Dijkman (UvA)

**BSIK projects**  
**GigaPort &**  
**VL-e / e-Science**



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