### **OpenFlow Based VPN Prototype**

#### INDIS WORKSHOP SC14, 16 NOVEMBER 2014, NEW ORLEANS, USA



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## **Team Members**

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# **SURFnet SDN Goals for 2014**

- Build nationwide SDN testbed with hardware OpenFlow switches and OpenStack mini clouds for NFV
- Look at all operational aspects of such a network (OAM, monitoring, resilience, centralised versus distributed functions)

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- Write a "real" SDN application to get experience with network programming (what does it take?, which frameworks do exist?, which abstractions are useful? etc)
- How mature is SDN?

# **SURFnet Nationwide OpenFlow Testbed**

- 6 Pica8 P5101 Trident II switches
- Looped multi-stage topology
- Mini OpenStack cloud at each site for NFV experiments
- OpenDaylight controlled
- Best way to slice to be investigated





### Write a "Real" Network Application

- EU funded GN3plus Open Call Project (CoCo).
- http://www.geant.net/opencall/SDN/Pages/CoCo.aspx
- October 2013 March 2015 (18 months).
- Budget Eur 216K; 16.4 person months.
- Partners: SURFnet (NL) & TNO (NL) 50/50 split in effort.

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#### • Five work packages:

- WP1: use cases & market demand
- WP2: architecture, design & development
- WP3: experimental validation
- WP4: dissimination
- WP5: project management

# **Community Connection (CoCo) Prototype**

### Goal of CoCo prototype:

- On-demand multi-domain, multipoint private L2/L3 network prototype.
- Intended users: closed (eScience) community groups.
- CoCo instances interconnect users, compute, storage, instruments, etc.
- Each closed eScience community group can easily setup their own private CoCo instance via web portal without the help of network engineers.
- Based on OpenFlow & OpenDaylight.



# **CoCo Instance**



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# **CoCo Architecture Choices**

- Use as much existing code, frameworks and protocols as possible.
- Use MPLS labels for aggregation and forwarding in the core.
- Centralised agent chooses label, no label swapping within domain, no label distribution protocol needed on the data plane.
- Use BGP messages to exchange information between domains.
- Use much on the BGP MPLS VPN (RFC 4364) architecture.
- BGP only used in the control plane. BGP not used for RIB to FIB.



## **CoCo Control, Data and Service Planes**



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# **MPLS Forwarding**



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# **CoCo Data Plane**

- Data plane forwarding based on MPLS labels
  - Outer MPLS label used to forward to destination PE switch.
  - Inner MPLS label identifies CoCo instance.
- MPLS encapsulation and decapsulation done at PE.
- At PE the customer traffic is aggregated onto MPLS paths.

# **CoCo Control Plane**

- Control plane consists of federated CoCo agents.
- Each domain runs its own CoCo agent.

#### Tasks CoCo agent:

- inserts MPLS forwarding rules in the core.
- Inserts MPLS encap/decap rules in the PE switches.
- Exchanges information with neighbours via BGP peering model

#### • Information exchanged between CoCo agents:

- Customer IP prefixes.
- MPLS label used for CoCo instance.
- Information about end points participating in CoCo (for web portal).



## CoCo architectuur, prototype & experimenten



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# **Project Progress**

- January 2014: workshop with Dutch eScientists to define uses cases
- June 2014: agreement on architecture
- September 2014: picked use case (VPNs to interconnect genome sequencers, scientists, storage and compute)
- SC14: demo first single domain prototype based on OpenDaylight



### First prototype setup



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#### 1. Limitations in the OpenFlow protocol.

- We wanted to have a CE PE service port with QinQ.
- Campus/enterprise would use 1 dedicated VLAN for the CoCo service. The outer VLAN tag.
- The inner VLAN tag would be used to map to a VPN instance.
- But, OpenFlow does not have a feature to match on inner tags.



#### 2. Limitations in hardware.

- Workaround for the previous problem is multiple tables and apply-action.
- But the Trident II (probably) does not support this.
- Some ASICs do not support MPLS (data centre vs transport ASICs).



#### 3. Limitations of mininet/OVS

- Open vSwitch does not have full MPLS support yet.
- Port numbers in Open vSwitch are numbered consecutively; different from real switches (problem because end sites are currently statically configured)



- Pica8 software cannot match on destination IP & MPLS label
- Not possible to match on both MAC destination address and MPLS label (not confirmed yet)



# **Experiences with OpenDaylight**

- Lots of progress in one year!
- We needed OF 1.3, and it took some time to setup an environment with mininet and Hydrogen that worked with OF 1.3.
- "Old" and "new" OpenFlow plugins and finding the correct documentation.
- Documentation (up to date!) was hard to find, improved with Helium.
- But very good support on mailing lists and IRC!
- Much has improved in Helium!
- OpenDaylight has a very nice architecture, but also a large learning curve.



### **Demonstration at booth #3751**

#### Please visit our demonstration this week at the

### SURF Dutch Research Consortium booth 3751 Tue 18 November 2pm: GÉANT booth 2525

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http://www.geant.net/opencall/SDN/Pages/CoCo.aspx

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